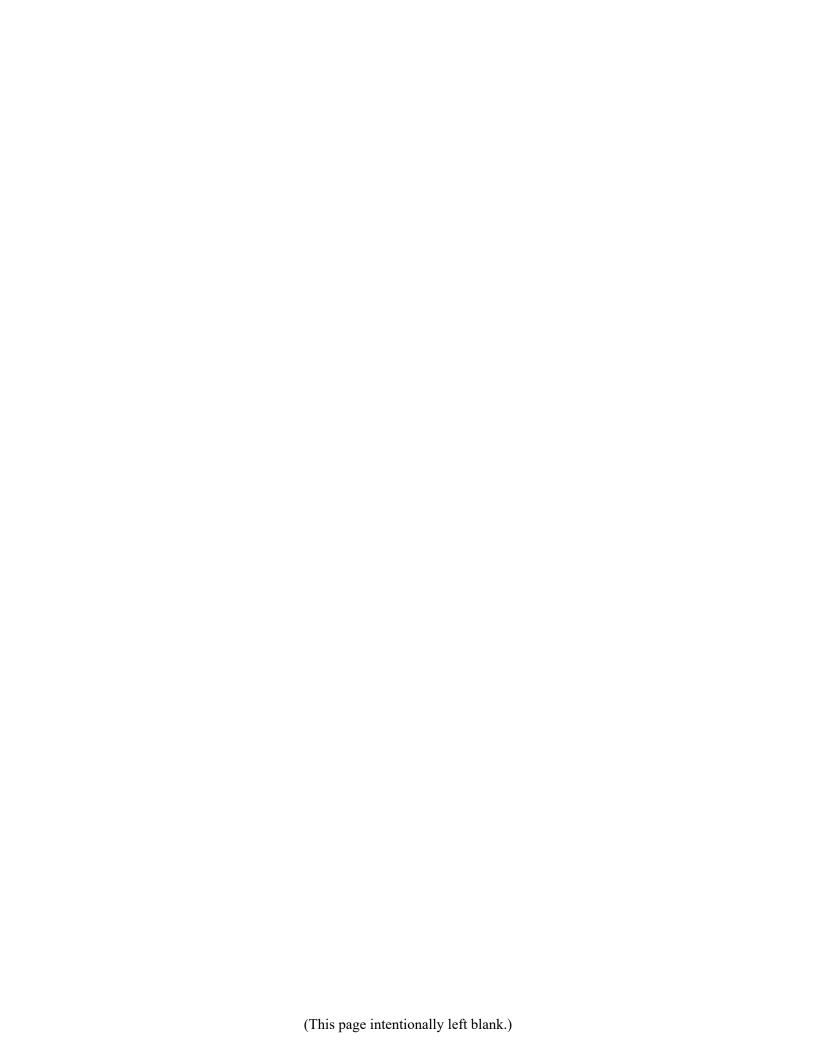
## ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

of the

# CITY OF MONTGOMERY, TEXAS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022



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**September 30, 2022** 

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Montgomery, Texas:

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Montgomery (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Change in Accounting Principle**

As described in Note I.F.14. to the financial statements, the City adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*, in fiscal year 2022. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

## Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AICPA GAQC Member

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made be a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of changes in net pension and total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability and related ratios, and schedule of contributions, identified as Required Supplementary Information on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

BELT HARRIS PECHACEK, LLLP

Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP *Certified Public Accountants* Houston, Texas May 5, 2023

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to give the readers an objective and easily readable analysis of the financial activities of the City of Montgomery, Texas (the "City") for the year ending September 30, 2022. The analysis is based on currently known facts, decisions, or economic conditions. It presents short and long-term analysis of the City's activities, compares current year results with those of the prior year, and discusses the positive and negative aspects of that comparison. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### THE STRUCTURE OF OUR ANNUAL REPORT

#### **Components of the Financial Section** Management's Basic Financial Required Discussion and Statements Supplementary Analysis Information Independent Government-Wide Fund Financial Component Unit Notes to the Auditors' Report Statements Financial Financial Financial Statements Statements Statements Summary Detail

The City's basic financial statements include (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) individual fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

## **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information for the City as a whole. These statements include transactions and balances relating to all assets, including infrastructure capital assets. These statements are designed to provide information about cost of services, operating results, and financial position of the City as an economic entity. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the City's financial statements, report information on the City's activities that enable the reader to understand the financial condition of the City. These statements are prepared using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account even if cash has not yet changed hands.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure, need to be considered in order to assess the overall health of the City.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows – the accrual method rather than modified accrual that is used in the fund level statements.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities divide the City's financials into two classes of activities:

- 1. Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here including general government, municipal court, public safety, and public works. Sales tax, property tax, franchise fees, municipal court fines, and permit fees finance most of these activities.
- 2. Business-Type Activities Services involving a fee for those services are reported here. These services include the City's water, sewer, and sanitation services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate economic development corporation, the Montgomery Economic Development Corporation, for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The Public Improvement District No. 1, although also legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the City and, therefore, has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found after the MD&A.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Funds may be considered as operating companies of the parent corporation, which is the City. They are usually segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal reporting requirements. The two categories of City funds are governmental and proprietary.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as *on balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the debt service fund, and the capital projects fund, which are considered to be major funds for reporting purposes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund, and certain special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its water, sewer, and sanitation services. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the water, sewer, and sanitation fund. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements of this report.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are the last section of the basic financial statements.

## **Other Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements, MD&A, and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information (RSI). The RSI includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund and a schedule of changes in net pension and total other postemployment benefits liability and related ratios and schedule of contributions for the Texas Municipal Retirement System. RSI can be found after the notes to the basic financial statements.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$14,678,000 as of September 30, 2022. A portion of the City's net position, 68%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, equipment, improvements, construction in progress, and infrastructure), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's net position, \$171,392 or 1%, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$4,500,476 or 31%, may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

## **Statement of Net Position**

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

|   |                            | Septembe                       | r 30, 2022     |                                |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|
|   | Governmental<br>Activities | Business-Type<br>Activities    | Reconciliation | Total<br>Primary<br>Government |
| Current and other assets                    | \$ 5,280,014               | \$ 3,046,643                   | \$ -           | \$ 8,326,657                   |
| Capital assets, net                         | 6,782,170                  | 11,668,845                     | _              | 18,451,015                     |
| Total Assets                                | 12,062,184                 | 14,715,488                     |                | 26,777,672                     |
| Deferred outflows - pensions                | 176,762                    | 18,867                         | _              | 195,629                        |
| Deferred outflows - OPEB                    | 10,448                     | 853                            | _              | 11,301                         |
| Deferred charge on refunding                | 41,725                     | -                              | _              | 41,725                         |
| <b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b> | 228,935                    | 19,720                         |                | 248,655                        |
| Long-term liabilities                       | 9,370,463                  | 21,913                         | _              | 9,392,376                      |
| Other liabilities                           | 2,380,177                  | 400,427                        | _              | 2,780,604                      |
| Total Liabilities                           | 11,750,640                 | 422,340                        | _              | 12,172,980                     |
| Deferred inflows - pensions                 | 156,546                    | 16,198                         | _              | 172,744                        |
| Deferred inflows - OPEB                     | 2,280                      | 323                            | _              | 2,603                          |
| <b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>  | 158,826                    | 16,521                         |                | 175,347                        |
| Net Position:                               |                            |                                |                |                                |
| Net investment in capital assets            | 5,336,598                  | 11,668,845                     | (6,999,311)    | 10,006,132                     |
| Restricted                                  | 171,392                    | -                              | -              | 171,392                        |
| Unrestricted                                | (5,126,337)                | 2,627,502                      | 6,999,311      | 4,500,476                      |
| <b>Total Net Position</b>                   | \$ 381,653                 | \$ 14,296,347                  | \$ -           | \$ 14,678,000                  |
|   |                            |                                |                |                                |
|   |                            | Septembe                       | r 30, 2021     |                                |
|   |                            | р . т                          |                | Total                          |
|   | Governmental               | Business-Type                  | D :11: -4:     | Primary                        |
| Current and other assets                    | Activities \$ 4.531.840    | <b>Activities</b> \$ 2,327,685 | Reconciliation | <b>Government</b> \$ 6,859,525 |
| Capital assets, net                         | \$ 4,531,840<br>5,478,827  | \$ 2,327,685<br>10,235,277     | \$ -           | \$ 6,859,525<br>15,714,104     |
| Total Assets                                | 10,010,667                 | 12,562,962                     |                | 22,573,629                     |
|   |                            |                                |                |                                |
| Deferred outflows - pensions                | 128,836                    | 11,011                         | -              | 139,847                        |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The City has issued and repaid debt in its governmental activities for which the proceeds were used to construct capital assets for the governmental and business-type activities. With one activity carrying the debt, the result is an unusual net position presentation. The City has included a reconciliation column in the Statement of Net Position adjusting the net investment in capital assets. Debt associated with business-type activities, in the amount of \$6,999,311, is being used to finance capital assets reported. Accordingly, this amount has been added back to unrestricted net position and deducted from net investment in capital assets in total for the primary government.

The City's total net position increased by \$1,785,618 as compared to the prior year. Total assets experienced an increase primarily due to the issuance of Tax Notes, Series 2022, an increase in accounts receivable, grant funds received in advance, and an operating surplus in the enterprise fund. Current liabilities increased due to an increase in payables related to various capital projects and grant funding received in advance. Long-term liabilities experienced an increase during the year due to Tax Notes, Series 2022 issuance.

Total

#### **Statement of Activities**

The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net position:

|                                    |              |             |    |           |    |            |      |            |    | To         | otal |            |
|------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|----|-----------|----|------------|------|------------|----|------------|------|------------|
|                                    | Governmental |             |    |           |    | Busine     | Гуре | Primary    |    |            |      |            |
|                                    | Activities   |             |    |           |    | Acti       | es   | Government |    |            |      |            |
|                                    |              | 2022        |    | 2021      |    | 2022       | 2021 | 2022       |    |            | 2021 |            |
| Revenues                           |              | _           |    |           |    | _          |      | _          |    | _          |      |            |
| Program revenues:                  |              |             |    |           |    |            |      |            |    |            |      |            |
| Charges for services               | \$           | 778,077     | \$ | 617,070   | \$ | 2,373,513  | \$   | 2,076,795  | \$ | 3,151,590  | \$   | 2,693,865  |
| Operating grants and contributions |              | 36,236      |    | 537,404   |    | -          |      | -          |    | 36,236     |      | 537,404    |
| Capital grants and contributions   |              | 703,735     |    | -         |    | -          |      | -          |    | 703,735    |      | -          |
| General revenues:                  |              |             |    |           |    |            |      |            |    |            |      |            |
| Property taxes                     |              | 1,415,100   |    | 1,232,084 |    | -          |      | -          |    | 1,415,100  |      | 1,232,084  |
| Sales taxes                        |              | 3,548,712   |    | 3,008,921 |    | -          |      | -          |    | 3,548,712  |      | 3,008,921  |
| Other fees and taxes               |              | 164,608     |    | 158,600   |    | -          |      | -          |    | 164,608    |      | 158,600    |
| Other revenues                     |              | 333,501     |    | 269,315   |    | 407,695    |      | 275,858    |    | 741,196    |      | 545,173    |
| <b>Total Revenues</b>              |              | 6,979,969   |    | 5,823,394 |    | 2,781,208  |      | 2,352,653  |    | 9,761,177  |      | 8,176,047  |
| Expenses                           |              |             |    |           |    |            |      |            |    |            |      |            |
| General government                 |              | 1,817,585   |    | 1,716,093 |    | -          |      | _          |    | 1,817,585  |      | 1,716,093  |
| Municipal court                    |              | 493,714     |    | 444,184   |    | -          |      | -          |    | 493,714    |      | 444,184    |
| Public safety                      |              | 1,887,283   |    | 1,839,730 |    | -          |      | -          |    | 1,887,283  |      | 1,839,730  |
| Public works                       |              | 1,155,079   |    | 910,768   |    | -          |      | -          |    | 1,155,079  |      | 910,768    |
| Interest and fiscal agent fees     |              | 252,185     |    | 331,768   |    | -          |      | -          |    | 252,185    |      | 331,768    |
| Water, sewer, and sanitation       |              | -           |    | -         |    | 2,369,713  |      | 1,882,943  |    | 2,369,713  |      | 1,882,943  |
| Total Expenses                     |              | 5,605,846   |    | 5,242,543 |    | 2,369,713  |      | 1,882,943  |    | 7,975,559  |      | 7,125,486  |
| Increase in Net Position           |              |             |    |           |    |            |      |            |    |            |      |            |
| Before Transfers                   |              | 1,374,123   |    | 580,851   |    | 411,495    |      | 469,710    |    | 1,785,618  |      | 1,050,561  |
| Transfers in (out)                 | _            | (1,602,299) |    | (627,281) | _  | 1,602,299  | _    | 627,281    |    |            | _    |            |
| <b>Change in Net Position</b>      |              | (228,176)   |    | (46,430)  |    | 2,013,794  |      | 1,096,991  |    | 1,785,618  |      | 1,050,561  |
| Beginning net position             |              | 609,829     |    | 656,259   |    | 12,282,553 |      | 11,185,562 |    | 12,892,382 |      | 11,841,821 |
| <b>Ending Net Position</b>         | \$           | 381,653     | \$ | 609,829   | \$ | 14,296,347 | \$   | 12,282,553 | \$ | 14,678,000 | \$   | 12,892,382 |
|                                    |              |             |    |           |    |            |      |            |    |            |      |            |

For the year ended September 30, 2022, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$6,979,969, which is a net increase of \$1,156,575 from the prior year. Charges for services increased due to an increase in building permits from more development within the City. Grants and contributions increased due to a Community Development Block Grant. Sales taxes increased due to an increase in economic activity within the City. Property taxes increased due to an increase in the assessed values within the City.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

For the year ended September 30, 2022, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$5,605,846, which is a 7% increase totaling \$363,303 over the prior year. The largest increases were from personnel costs, maintenance projects, and grant expenses.

Net position before transfers for business-type activities decreased \$58,215 compared to the prior year. Revenues experience an increased by \$428,555 compared to the prior year due to an increase in charges for services from an increase in customer consumption and an increase in other revenues from increases in impact fees, tap fees/inspections, and groundwater reduction revenues. Expenses increased \$486,770 compared to the prior year due to increases in repair and maintenance projects, contracted services, and in personnel costs.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds** – The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

The City's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$2,860,113. Of this, \$865,635 is restricted or committed for various purposes. The remaining balance of \$1,994,478 is unassigned in the general fund.

There was a net decrease in the combined fund balance of \$328,342 compared to the prior year. This net reduction is largely seen in the capital projects fund, which had an overall decrease in fund balance of \$610,661 due primarily to transfers to the water, sewer, and sanitation fund for capital purposes. The debt service fund also had a large decrease in fund balance of \$86,028, which can be contributed to scheduled debt service payments.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,994,478. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Both unassigned and total fund balance represents 38% of total general fund expenditures. Revenue increased over the prior year primarily due to increases in sales taxes from an increase in economic activity within the City and an increase in building permits from an increase in development within the City. Expenditures also experienced an increase compared to the prior year related to an increase in personnel costs and an increase in contracted services for streets.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$109,602, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. The net decrease in fund balance during the year was \$86,028. This decrease can be attributed to scheduled debt service payments net of property tax revenues and other sources.

The capital projects fund reported a decrease of \$610,661 in fund balance. This is primarily the result of transfers to the water, sewer, and sanitation fund for capital purposes.

**Proprietary Funds** – The City's proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There had been a planned use of fund balance in the amount of \$344,294 in the general fund. However, the net change in fund balance was an increase of \$382,033, resulting in a net positive variance of \$726,327 from budget over actual. Actual general fund revenues were more than final budgeted revenues by \$111,119 during 2022. Additionally, there was a positive budget variance for expenditures of \$446,514 that also contributed to the net positive variance.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental and business-type activities had invested \$18,451,015 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure (net of accumulated depreciation). This represents a net increase of \$2,736,911.

Major capital asset events during the current year include the following:

- Purchase of a building and property for \$1,002,404.
- Purchase of five vehicles for \$249,157.
- Downtown improvement project additions to construction in progress (CIP) of \$284,602.
- Water Plant #3 project additions to CIP of \$1,179,891.
- General Land Office Grant project additions to CIP of \$506,102.

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in note III. C. to the financial statements.

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonds, tax notes, and certificates of obligation outstanding of \$8,355,000. Of this amount, \$4,555,000 was general obligation debt while tax notes and certificates of obligation accounted for \$3,800,000.

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in note III. D. to the financial statements.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The City adopted a fiscal year 2022-2023 general fund expenditure budget of \$5,822,634 which is an increase of 8% from the prior year budget. The City budgeted for fiscal year 2022-2023 general fund revenues of \$5,766,292 which is an increase of 8%. The City adopted a water, sewer, and sanitation revenue budget of \$3,629,278 which is an increase of 46% from the prior year budget. The City adopted a water, sewer, and sanitation expense budget of \$3,051,238 which is an increase of 64% from the prior year budget. The tax rate for the 2022-2023 fiscal year will be \$0.4000 per \$100 of taxable property value.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Gary Palmer, City Administrator, 101 Old Plantersville Rd., Montgomery, Texas 77316; 936-597-6434.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

**September 30, 2022** 

|   | Primary Government |                           |    |                           |                |    |            |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|----|---------------------------|----------------|----|------------|
|   | G                  | overnmental<br>Activities |    | siness-Type<br>Activities | Reconciliation |    | Total      |
| Assets                                      |                    |                           |    |                           |                |    |            |
| Cash and cash equivalents                   | \$                 | 4,014,531                 | \$ | 2,350,807                 | \$ -           | \$ | 6,365,338  |
| Cash with fiscal agent                      |                    | 313,215                   |    | <u>-</u>                  | -              |    | 313,215    |
| Receivables, net of allowances              |                    | 771,879                   |    | 298,152                   | -              |    | 1,070,031  |
| Due from other governments                  |                    | 406,630                   |    | -                         | -              |    | 406,630    |
| Internal balances                           |                    | (246,412)                 |    | 246,412                   | -              |    | -          |
| Due from primary government                 |                    | -                         |    | -                         | -              |    | -          |
| Due from component unit                     |                    | -                         |    | 108                       | -              |    | 108        |
| Restricted assets:                          |                    |                           |    | 141 115                   |                |    | 141 115    |
| Cash and cash equivalents                   |                    | 5,259,843                 |    | 141,115<br>3,036,594      |                |    | 141,115    |
|   |                    |                           |    |                           |                |    | 8,296,437  |
| Net pension asset                           |                    | 20,171                    |    | 10,049                    | -              |    | 30,220     |
| Capital assets:                             |                    |                           |    |                           |                |    |            |
| Nondepreciable capital assets               |                    | 2,028,332                 |    | 3,009,096                 | -              |    | 5,037,428  |
| Depreciable capital assets, net             |                    | 4,753,838                 |    | 8,659,749                 |                |    | 13,413,587 |
|   |                    | 6,802,341                 |    | 11,678,894                |                |    | 18,481,235 |
| Total Assets                                |                    | 12,062,184                |    | 14,715,488                |                |    | 26,777,672 |
| <b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>       |                    |                           |    |                           |                |    |            |
| Deferred outflows - pensions                |                    | 176,762                   |    | 18,867                    | -              |    | 195,629    |
| Deferred outflows - OPEB                    |                    | 10,448                    |    | 853                       | -              |    | 11,301     |
| Deferred charge on refunding                |                    | 41,725                    |    | -                         | -              |    | 41,725     |
| <b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b> |                    | 228,935                   |    | 19,720                    | _              |    | 248,655    |
| Liabilities                                 |                    |                           |    |                           |                |    |            |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities    |                    | 2,008,082                 |    | 259,312                   | -              |    | 2,267,394  |
| Unearned revenue                            |                    | 340,820                   |    | -                         | -              |    | 340,820    |
| Accrued interest payable                    |                    | 20,982                    |    | _                         | -              |    | 20,982     |
| Due to primary government                   |                    | -                         |    | -                         | -              |    | -          |
| Due to component unit                       |                    | 10,293                    |    | -                         | -              |    | 10,293     |
| Customer deposits                           |                    | -                         |    | 141,115                   | -              |    | 141,115    |
| Noncurrent liabilities:                     |                    |                           |    |                           |                |    |            |
| Long-term liabilities due within            |                    |                           |    |                           |                |    |            |
| one year                                    |                    | 832,704                   |    | 13,114                    | -              |    | 845,818    |
| Long-term liabilities due in more           |                    |                           |    |                           |                |    |            |
| than one year                               |                    | 8,537,759                 |    | 8,799                     |                |    | 8,546,558  |
| Total Liabilities                           |                    | 11,750,640                |    | 422,340                   | -              |    | 12,172,980 |
| <b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>        |                    |                           |    |                           |                |    |            |
| Deferred inflows - pensions                 |                    | 156,546                   |    | 16,198                    | -              |    | 172,744    |
| Deferred inflows - OPEB                     |                    | 2,280                     |    | 323                       | -              |    | 2,603      |
| <b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>  |                    | 158,826                   |    | 16,521                    | -              |    | 175,347    |
| Net Position                                |                    |                           |    |                           |                |    |            |
| Net investment in capital assets            |                    | 5,336,598                 |    | 11,668,845                | (6,999,311)    |    | 10,006,132 |
| Restricted for:                             |                    | - ,,                      |    | ,,                        | (-,,-11)       |    | - ,        |
| Economic development                        |                    | _                         |    | _                         | _              |    | _          |
| Debt service                                |                    | 109,602                   |    | -                         | _              |    | 109,602    |
| Tourism                                     |                    | 18,618                    |    | -                         | _              |    | 18,618     |
| Public safety                               |                    | 43,152                    |    | _                         | _              |    | 43,152     |
| Grants                                      |                    | 20                        |    | _                         | _              |    | 20         |
| Unrestricted                                |                    | (5,126,337)               |    | 2,627,502                 | 6,999,311      |    | 4,500,476  |
| Total Net Position                          | \$                 | 381,653                   | \$ | 14,296,347                | \$ -           | \$ | 14,678,000 |

|    | Component<br>Unit |
|----|-------------------|
|    | MEDC              |
| \$ | 2,103,116         |
|    | 224,807           |
|    | 10,293            |
| _  | 2,338,216         |
|    | -                 |
|    | 752,414           |
|    | 752,414           |
|    | 3,090,630         |
|    | -                 |
|    |                   |
|    | 382,106           |
|    | -                 |
|    | 108               |
|    | -                 |
|    | -                 |
|    |                   |
|    | 382,214           |
|    | -                 |
|    | <u> </u>          |
|    | 752,414           |
|    | 1,956,002         |
|    | -                 |
| \$ | 2,708,416         |

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

|   |           |                    | Program Revenues     |           |  |          |          |                               |  |  |
|---|-----------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------|--|----------|----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Functions/Programs  |           | Expenses           | Charges for Services |           | Operating<br>Grants and<br>Contributions |          | G        | Capital rants and atributions |  |  |
| Primary Government  |           |                    |                      |           |  |          |          |                               |  |  |
| <b>Governmental Activities</b>  |           |                    |                      |           |  |          |          |                               |  |  |
| General government  | \$        | 1,817,585          | \$                   | 440,093   | \$                                       | 31,865   | \$       | -                             |  |  |
| Municipal court   |           | 493,714            |                      | 337,984   |  | _        |          | -                             |  |  |
| Public safety   |           | 1,887,283          |                      | -         |  | 4,371    |          | -                             |  |  |
| Public works  |           | 1,155,079          |                      | _         |  | _        |          | 703,735                       |  |  |
| Interest and fiscal agent fees  |           | 252,185            |                      |           |  |          |          |                               |  |  |
| <b>Total Governmental Activities</b>  |           | 5,605,846          |                      | 778,077   |  | 36,236   |          | 703,735                       |  |  |
| <b>Business-Type Activities</b>   |           |                    |                      |           |  |          |          |                               |  |  |
| Water, sewer, and sanitation services   |           | 2,369,713          |                      | 2,373,513 |  |          |          |                               |  |  |
| <b>Total Business-Type Activities</b>   |           | 2,369,713          |                      | 2,373,513 |  |          |          | <u>-</u>                      |  |  |
| <b>Total Primary Government</b>   | \$        | 7,975,559          | \$                   | 3,151,590 | \$                                       | 36,236   | \$       | 703,735                       |  |  |
| Component Unit  Montgomery Economic Development Corporation  Total Component Unit | <u>\$</u> | 552,568<br>552,568 | \$<br>\$             | <u>-</u>  | \$                                       | <u>-</u> | \$<br>\$ | <u>-</u>                      |  |  |

### **General Revenues:**

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise fees and other taxes

Other taxes

Investment revenue

Other revenues

Transfers

**Total General Revenues and Transfers** 

**Change in Net Position** 

Beginning net position

**Ending Net Position** 

Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position

|                | Primary Governme | ent            | Component Unit |
|----------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Governmental   |                  |                |                |
| Activities     | Activities       | Total          | MEDC           |
|                |                  |                |                |
| \$ (1,345,627) | \$ -             | \$ (1,345,627) | \$ -           |
| (155,730)      | -                | (155,730)      | -              |
| (1,882,912)    | =                | (1,882,912)    | =              |
| (451,344)      | -                | (451,344)      | -              |
| (252,185)      | <u> </u>         | (252,185)      |                |
| (4,087,798)    | <u> </u>         | (4,087,798)    |                |
| _              | 3,800            | 3,800          | <u>-</u>       |
| -              | 3,800            | 3,800          | -              |
| (4,087,798)    | 3,800            | (4,083,998)    |                |
|                |                  |                |                |
| -              | -                | -              | (552,568)      |
|                |                  |                | (552,568)      |
| 1,415,100      | _                | 1,415,100      | -              |
| 3,548,712      | -                | 3,548,712      | 1,182,904      |
| 96,161         | -                | 96,161         | -              |
| 68,447         | -                | 68,447         | -              |
| 15,992         | 9,494            | 25,486         | 9,257          |
| 317,509        | 398,201          | 715,710        | 17,179         |
| (1,602,299)    |                  |                |                |
| 3,859,622      | 2,009,994        | 5,869,616      | 1,209,340      |
| (228,176)      | 2,013,794        | 1,785,618      | 656,772        |
| 609,829        | 12,282,553       | 12,892,382     | 2,051,644      |
| \$ 381,653     | \$ 14,296,347    | \$ 14,678,000  | \$ 2,708,416   |

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

**September 30, 2022** 

|   |    | General   | De | bt Service |    | Capital<br>Projects |    | onmajor<br>ernmental |
|---|----|-----------|----|------------|----|---------------------|----|----------------------|
| <u>Assets</u>   |    |           |    |            |    |                     |    |                      |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | \$ | 2,506,319 | \$ | 111,324    | \$ | 1,321,898           | \$ | 74,990               |
| Cash with fiscal agent  |    | -         |    | -          |    | 313,215             |    | -                    |
| Receivables, net  |    | 755,366   |    | 16,513     |    | <del>-</del>        |    | -                    |
| Due from other governments  |    | -         |    | -          |    | 406,630             |    | <del>-</del>         |
| Due from other funds  | Φ. | 417,552   | Φ. | -          | Φ. | 252,524             | Φ. | 171                  |
| Total Assets  | \$ | 3,679,237 | \$ | 127,837    | \$ | 2,294,267           | \$ | 75,161               |
| <u>Liabilities</u>  |    |           |    |            |    |                     |    |                      |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities                                  | \$ | 905,795   | \$ | -          | \$ | 790,748             | \$ | -                    |
| Due to other funds  |    | 418,936   |    | 1,722      |    | 482,630             |    | 13,371               |
| Due to component unit   |    | 10,293    |    | -          |    | -                   |    | -                    |
| Due to others   |    | 311,539   |    | -          |    | -                   |    | -                    |
| Unearned revenue  |    | 3,498     |    |            |    | 337,322             |    | -                    |
| Total Liabilities   |    | 1,650,061 |    | 1,722      |    | 1,610,700           |    | 13,371               |
| <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Unavailable revenue - property taxes |    | 24,022    |    | 16,513     |    | <u>-</u> .          |    | <u>-</u>             |
| Fund Balances   |    |           |    |            |    |                     |    |                      |
| Restricted for:   |    |           |    |            |    |                     |    |                      |
| Debt service  |    | -         |    | 109,602    |    | -                   |    | -                    |
| Tourism   |    | -         |    | -          |    | -                   |    | 18,618               |
| Public safety   |    | -         |    | -          |    | -                   |    | 43,152               |
| Capital projects  |    | -         |    | -          |    | 683,567             |    | -                    |
| Grants  |    | -         |    | -          |    | -                   |    | 20                   |
| Committed for:  |    |           |    |            |    |                     |    |                      |
| Public safety   |    | 10,676    |    | -          |    | -                   |    | -                    |
| Unassigned  |    | 1,994,478 |    | -          |    | -                   |    | -                    |
| Total Fund Balances   |    | 2,005,154 |    | 109,602    |    | 683,567             |    | 61,790               |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of                                    |    |           |    |            |    |                     |    |                      |
| Resources, and Fund Balances  | \$ | 3,679,237 | \$ | 127,837    | \$ | 2,294,267           | \$ | 75,161               |

| <br>Total       |
|-----------------|
|                 |
| \$<br>4,014,531 |
| 313,215         |
| 771,879         |
| 406,630         |
| 670,247         |
| \$<br>6,176,502 |
|                 |
| \$<br>1,696,543 |
| 916,659         |
| 10,293          |
| 311,539         |
| 340,820         |
| 3,275,854       |
|                 |
|                 |
| 40,535          |
|                 |
|                 |
|                 |
| 109,602         |
| 18,618          |
| 43,152          |
| 683,567         |
| 20              |
|                 |
| 10,676          |
| 1,994,478       |
| 2,860,113       |
|                 |
| \$<br>6,176,502 |

## RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

**September 30, 2022** 

| Total fund balances - total governmental funds  | \$<br>2,860,113 |
|---|-----------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:                            |                 |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources  |                 |
| and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.   |                 |
| Capital assets, nondepreciable  | 2,028,332       |
| Capital assets, net depreciable   | 4,753,838       |
| Long-term liabilities and deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions  |                 |
| and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) are deferred in the governmental funds.  |                 |
| Net pension asset   | 20,171          |
| Deferred outflows - pensions  | 176,762         |
| Deferred inflows - pensions   | (156,546)       |
| Total OPEB liability  | (82,153)        |
| Deferred outflows - OPEB  | 10,448          |
| Deferred inflows - OPEB   | (2,280)         |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures   |                 |
| and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.   | 40,535          |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. |                 |
| Accrued interest payable  | (20,982)        |
| Noncurrent liabilities due in one year  | (832,704)       |
| Noncurrent liabilities due in more than one year  | (8,455,606)     |
| Deferred charge on refunding  | 41,725          |
| Net Position of Governmental Activities   | \$<br>381,653   |

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

|   | General         | Debt<br>Service | <br>Capital<br>Projects | onmajor<br>ernmental |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Revenues                                    | _               |                 | <br>                    |                      |
| Property taxes                              | \$<br>905,474   | \$<br>495,089   | \$<br>-                 | \$<br>-              |
| Sales taxes                                 | 3,548,712       | -               | -                       | -                    |
| Franchise fees                              | 96,161          | -               | -                       | -                    |
| Other taxes                                 | 26,868          | -               | -                       | 41,579               |
| Licenses and permits                        | 440,093         | -               | -                       | -                    |
| Fines and forfeitures                       | 335,421         | -               | -                       | 2,563                |
| Other revenue                               | 117,509         | -               | 200,000                 | -                    |
| Intergovernmental                           | 36,236          | -               | 703,735                 | -                    |
| Investment revenue                          | <br>8,225       | <br>245         | <br>7,487               | <br>35               |
| <b>Total Revenues</b>                       | <br>5,514,699   | <br>495,334     | <br>911,222             | <br>44,177           |
| Expenditures                                |                 |                 |                         |                      |
| Current:                                    |                 |                 |                         |                      |
| General government                          | 1,638,428       | =               | -                       | 40,164               |
| Municipal court                             | 500,609         | -               | -                       | -                    |
| Public safety                               | 1,789,275       | =               | -                       | 14,999               |
| Public works                                | 899,269         | =               | 111,459                 | ,<br>-               |
| Capital outlay                              | 447,885         | -               | 1,277,007               | _                    |
| Debt service:                               | •               |                 |                         |                      |
| Principal                                   | 27,020          | 430,000         | -                       | _                    |
| Interest and fiscal agent fees              | 1,374           | 219,177         | -                       | _                    |
| Bond issuance costs                         | <del>-</del>    | ,<br>-          | 82,717                  | -                    |
| Total Expenditures                          | 5,303,860       | 649,177         | 1,471,183               | 55,163               |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues             |                 |                 |                         |                      |
| Over (Under) Expenditures                   | <br>210,839     | <br>(153,843)   | <br>(559,961)           | <br>(10,986)         |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses)              |                 |                 |                         |                      |
| Debt issued                                 | -               | -               | 1,630,000               | -                    |
| Premium on bonds                            | -               | -               | 157,908                 | -                    |
| Transfers in                                | 171,194         | 67,815          | 133,697                 | -                    |
| Transfers (out)                             | =               | <br>            | <br>(1,972,305)         | (2,700)              |
| <b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b> | <br>171,194     | <br>67,815      | <br>(50,700)            | (2,700)              |
| <b>Net Change in Fund Balances</b>          | 382,033         | (86,028)        | (610,661)               | (13,686)             |
| Beginning fund balances                     | 1,623,121       | 195,630         | 1,294,228               | <br>75,476           |
| <b>Ending Fund Balances</b>                 | \$<br>2,005,154 | \$<br>109,602   | \$<br>683,567           | \$<br>61,790         |

|    | Total  |
|----|--|
| \$ | 1,400,563<br>3,548,712<br>96,161<br>68,447<br>440,093<br>337,984<br>317,509<br>739,971<br>15,992 |
|    | 6,965,432  |
|    | 1,678,592<br>500,609<br>1,804,274<br>1,010,728<br>1,724,892                                      |
|    | 457,020<br>220,551<br>82,717   |
|    | 7,479,383  |
| ·  | (513,951)  |
|    | 1,630,000<br>157,908<br>372,706<br>(1,975,005)   |
|    | 185,609  |
|    | (328,342)<br>3,188,455   |
| \$ | 2,860,113  |

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

| Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds   | \$<br>(328,342) |
|---|-----------------|
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. |                 |
| Capital additions   | 1,709,934       |
| Depreciation expense  | (406,591)       |
| The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and certificates of obligation) provides current  |                 |
| financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term  |                 |
| debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction,   |                 |
| however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of  |                 |
| premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are   |                 |
| deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.  |                 |
| Principal payments  | 457,020         |
| Debt issued   | (1,630,000)     |
| Net change in deferred charges on refunding   | (3,149)         |
| Accrued interest  | (4,977)         |
| Premium on tax note   | (157,908)       |
| Premium amortization  | 59,209          |
| Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current   |                 |
| financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.   |                 |
| Compensated absences  | (6,140)         |
| Net pension asset   | 68,775          |
| Deferred outflows - pensions  | 47,926          |
| Deferred inflows - pensions   | (39,697)        |
| Total OPEB liability  | (5,787)         |
| Deferred outflows - OPEB  | (706)           |
| Deferred inflows - OPEB   | (2,280)         |
| Revenue in the Statement of Activities that does not provide current financial resources  |                 |
| is not reported as revenue in the funds.  | 14,537          |
| Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities   | \$<br>(228,176) |

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND (Page 1 of 2)

**September 30, 2022** 

|   |   |                              | Business-Type<br>Activities |  |
|---|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
|   |   | Water, Sewer, and Sanitation |                             |  |
| <u>Assets</u>   |   |                              |                             |  |
| Current assets  |   |                              |                             |  |
| Cash and equity in cash and investments                   |   | \$                           | 2,350,807                   |  |
| Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) |   |                              | 298,152                     |  |
| for uncollectibles)                                       |   |                              |                             |  |
| Due from other funds                                      |   |                              | 633,635                     |  |
| Due from component unit                                   |   |                              | 108                         |  |
| Restricted cash and equity in cash and investments:       |   |                              |                             |  |
| Customer deposits   |   |                              | 141,115                     |  |
|   | <b>Total Current Assets</b>                 |                              | 3,423,817                   |  |
| Noncurrent assets   |   |                              |                             |  |
| Net pension asset   |   |                              | 10,049                      |  |
| Capital assets:   |   |                              |                             |  |
| Nondepreciable  |   |                              | 3,009,096                   |  |
| Depreciable (net of depreciation)                         |   |                              | 8,659,749                   |  |
|   | <b>Total Capital Assets (Net)</b>           |                              | 11,668,845                  |  |
|   | <b>Total Noncurrent Assets</b>              |                              | 11,678,894                  |  |
|   | Total Assets                                |                              | 15,102,711                  |  |
| <b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>                     |   |                              |                             |  |
| Deferred outflows - pensions                              |   |                              | 18,867                      |  |
| Deferred outflows - OPEB                                  |   |                              | 853                         |  |
|   | <b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b> |                              | 19,720                      |  |

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Page 2 of 2) September 30, 2022

|  |  | Business-Type Activities Water, Sewer and Sanitation |            |
|--|--|--|------------|
|  |  |  |            |
| <b>Liabilities and Net Position</b>      |  |  | <u> </u>   |
| Current Liabilities                      |  |  |            |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities |  | \$   | 259,312    |
| Due to other funds                       |  |  | 387,223    |
| Compensated absences                     |  |  | 13,114     |
| Payable from restricted assets:          |  |  |            |
| Customer deposits                        |  |  | 141,115    |
|  | <b>Total Current Liabilities</b>           |  | 800,764    |
| Noncurrent liabilities                   |  |  |            |
| Total OPEB liability                     |  |  | 7,342      |
| Compensated absences                     |  |  | 1,457      |
|  | <b>Total Noncurrent Liabilities</b>        |  | 8,799      |
|  | Total Liabilities                          |  | 809,563    |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources            |  |  |            |
| Deferred inflows - pensions              |  |  | 16,198     |
| Deferred inflows - OPEB                  |  |  | 323        |
|  | <b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b> |  | 16,521     |
| Net Position                             |  |  |            |
| Net investment in capital assets         |  |  | 11,668,845 |
| Unrestricted net position                |  |  | 2,627,502  |
|  | <b>Total Net Position</b>                  | \$   | 14,296,347 |

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

| Operating Revenues         ## Security (a part of the previous                             |                                  |              | Business-Type Activities Water, Sewer, |  |
|--|----------------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Water service         \$ 913,946           Sewer service         806,442           Sanitation service         218,282           Meter installations         434,843           Other revenue         7 Total Operating Revenues         2,771,714           Depending Expenses           Water, sewer, and sanitation         1,568,064           Salaries and wages         431,406           Depreciation         7 Total Operating Expenses         2,369,713           Operating Revenues (Expenses)         2,369,713           Investment revenue         9,494           Income Before Transfers         411,495           Transfers         411,495           Transfers (out)         Total Transfers         1,602,299           Change in Net Position         2,013,794           Beginning net position         12,282,553  |                                  | E            | and Sanitation                         |  |
| Sewer service         806,442           Sanitation service         218,282           Meter installations         434,843           Other revenue         7 Total Operating Revenues         2,771,714           Operating Expenses           Water, sewer, and sanitation         1,568,064           Salaries and wages         431,406           Depreciation         370,243           Operating Expenses         2,369,713           Investment revenue         402,001           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)           Investment revenue         7 Total Nonoperating Revenues         9,494           Income Before Transfers         411,495           Transfers in         1,803,811           Transfers (out)         Total Transfers         1,602,299           Change in Net Position         2,013,794           Beginning net position         12,282,553  |                                  | <u></u>      |  |  |
| Sanitation service Meter installations         218,282 Meter installations         434,843 and 434,843 and 434,843 and 434,843 and 5398,201           Other revenue         Total Operating Revenues         2,771,714           Operating Expenses         Water, sewer, and sanitation         1,568,064 and 5370,243           Salaries and wages         431,406 and 5370,243           Depreciation         Total Operating Expenses         2,369,713 and 571,243           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         Total Nonoperating Revenues         9,494 and 571,494 and 571,495 and 571,494 and 571,495 and 571,494 and 571,495 and 571,494 and 571,495 and 571,494 and 571,4   |                                  | \$           | •                                      |  |
| Meter installations Other revenue         434,843 398,201           Other revenue         2,771,714           Total Operating Revenues           Water, sewer, and sanitation Salaries and wages         1,568,064 431,406 370,243           Depreciation         Total Operating Expenses         2,369,713           Operating Revenues (Expenses)         Operating Income         402,001           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         Total Nonoperating Revenues         9,494           Investment revenue         Total Nonoperating Revenues         9,494           Transfers         411,495           Transfers (out)         Total Transfers         1,803,811 (201,512) (20  |                                  |              | •                                      |  |
| Other revenue         398,201           Coperating Expenses         Total Operating Revenues         2,771,714           Water, sewer, and sanitation         1,568,064           Salaries and wages         431,406           Depreciation         370,243           Total Operating Expenses         2,369,713           Operating Revenues (Expenses)         0perating Income         402,001           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         1ncome Before Transfers         9,494           Income Before Transfers         411,495           Transfers in Transfers (out)         1,803,811 (201,512)           Transfers (out)         Total Transfers         1,602,299           Change in Net Position         2,013,794           Beginning net position         12,282,553   |                                  |              |  |  |
| Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)   |                                  |              |  |  |
| Operating Expenses           Water, sewer, and sanitation         1,568,064           Salaries and wages         431,406           Depreciation         370,243           Total Operating Expenses         2,369,713           Operating Income         402,001           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)           Investment revenue         9,494           Total Nonoperating Revenues         9,494           Income Before Transfers         411,495           Transfers         1,803,811           Transfers (out)         (201,512)           Total Transfers         1,602,299           Change in Net Position         2,013,794           Beginning net position         12,282,553   | Other revenue                    | _            | 398,201                                |  |
| Water, sewer, and sanitation Salaries and wages Depreciation         1,568,064 431,406 370,243           Depreciation         Total Operating Expenses 2,369,713           Operating Income 402,001           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)           Investment revenue         9,494           Total Nonoperating Revenues 9,494           Income Before Transfers         411,495           Transfers in Transfers (out)         1,803,811 (201,512)           Transfers (out)         Change in Net Position         2,013,794           Beginning net position         12,282,553  | Total Operating Revenu           | ies          | 2,771,714                              |  |
| Water, sewer, and sanitation Salaries and wages Depreciation         1,568,064 431,406 370,243           Depreciation         Total Operating Expenses 2,369,713           Operating Income 402,001           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)           Investment revenue         9,494           Total Nonoperating Revenues 9,494           Income Before Transfers         411,495           Transfers         1,803,811 (201,512)           Transfers (out)         Total Transfers         1,602,299           Change in Net Position         2,013,794           Beginning net position         12,282,553   | On anothing Formances            |              |  |  |
| Salaries and wages         431,406           Depreciation         370,243           Total Operating Expenses         2,369,713           Operating Income         402,001           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         9,494           Investment revenue         9,494           Income Before Transfers         411,495           Transfers         1,803,811           Transfers (out)         (201,512)           Transfers (out)         Total Transfers           Beginning net position         2,013,794   |                                  |              | 1 569 064                              |  |
| Depreciation   370,243 |                                  |              |  |  |
| Total Operating Expenses   2,369,713   |                                  |              |  |  |
| Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         402,001           Investment revenue         9,494           Total Nonoperating Revenues         9,494           Income Before Transfers         411,495           Transfers         1,803,811           Transfers (out)         (201,512)           Total Transfers         1,602,299           Change in Net Position         2,013,794           Beginning net position         12,282,553   | Depreciation                     |              | 370,243                                |  |
| Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)           Investment revenue         9,494           Total Nonoperating Revenues         9,494           Income Before Transfers         411,495           Transfers         1,803,811           Transfers (out)         (201,512)           Total Transfers         1,602,299           Change in Net Position         2,013,794           Beginning net position         12,282,553   | Total Operating Expen            | ses          | 2,369,713                              |  |
| Investment revenue         9,494           Total Nonoperating Revenues         9,494           Income Before Transfers         411,495           Transfers         1,803,811           Transfers (out)         (201,512)           Total Transfers         1,602,299           Change in Net Position         2,013,794           Beginning net position         12,282,553  | Operating Inco                   | me           | 402,001                                |  |
| Investment revenue         9,494           Total Nonoperating Revenues         9,494           Income Before Transfers         411,495           Transfers         1,803,811           Transfers (out)         (201,512)           Total Transfers         1,602,299           Change in Net Position         2,013,794           Beginning net position         12,282,553  | Nononerating Revenues (Expenses) |              |  |  |
| Transfers         411,495           Transfers in Transfers (out)         1,803,811 (201,512)           Total Transfers         1,602,299           Change in Net Position         2,013,794           Beginning net position         12,282,553  |                                  | _            | 9,494                                  |  |
| Transfers         1,803,811           Transfers (out)         (201,512)           Total Transfers         1,602,299           Change in Net Position         2,013,794           Beginning net position         12,282,553   | Total Nonoperating Revenu        | ies          | 9,494                                  |  |
| Transfers in Transfers (out)         1,803,811 (201,512)           Total Transfers         1,602,299           Change in Net Position         2,013,794           Beginning net position         12,282,553  | Income Before Transfe            | ers          | 411,495                                |  |
| Transfers in Transfers (out)         1,803,811 (201,512)           Total Transfers         1,602,299           Change in Net Position         2,013,794           Beginning net position         12,282,553  | Transfers                        |              |  |  |
| Transfers (out)         (201,512)           Total Transfers         1,602,299           Change in Net Position         2,013,794           Beginning net position         12,282,553   |                                  |              | 1.803.811                              |  |
| Total Transfers         1,602,299           Change in Net Position         2,013,794           Beginning net position         12,282,553   |                                  |              |  |  |
| Beginning net position 12,282,553  |                                  | ers          |  |  |
|  | Change in Net Positi             | on           | 2,013,794                              |  |
| Ending Net Position \$ 14,296,347  | Beginning net position           | _            | 12,282,553                             |  |
|  | Ending Net Positi                | on <u>\$</u> | 14,296,347                             |  |

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND (Page 1 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

|   |  | Activities Water, Sewer, and Sanitation |             |
|---|--|---|-------------|
|   |  |   |             |
| <b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>                                 |  |   | _           |
| Receipts from customers and users   |  | \$                                      | 2,790,696   |
| Payments to suppliers   |  |   | (1,696,266) |
| Payments to employees   |  |   | (443,775)   |
|   | Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities        |   | 650,655     |
| <b>Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities</b>                      |  |   |             |
| Transfers from other funds  |  |   | 1,803,811   |
| Transfer to other funds   |  |   | (201,512)   |
| Net C   | ash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities  |   | 1,602,299   |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing A                             | ctivities  |   |             |
| Acquisition and construction of capital assets                              |  |   | (1,803,811) |
| Net Cash (U   | sed) by Capital and Related Financing Activities |   | (1,803,811) |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities  |  |   |             |
| Proceeds from sale of investments   |  |   | 100,000     |
| Interest on investments   |  |   | 9,494       |
|   | Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities        |   | 109,494     |
|   | Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents          |   | 558,637     |
| Beginning cash and cash equivalents   |  |   | 1,933,285   |
|   | <b>Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>          | \$                                      | 2,491,922   |
|   |  |   |             |
| Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents:   |  | ¢                                       | 2 250 907   |
| Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents |  | \$                                      | 2,350,807   |
| Resultited cash and cash equivalents  |  | Φ.                                      | 141,115     |
| See Notes to Financial Statements.  |  | \$                                      | 2,491,922   |
|   |  |   |             |

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

### PROPRIETARY FUND (Page 2 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

|  |   | iness-Type<br>Activities |
|--|---|--------------------------|
|  | ter, Sewer,<br>Sanitation                 |                          |
| Reconciliation of Operating Income to            |   | _                        |
| <b>Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</b> |   |                          |
| Operating income                                 |   | \$<br>402,001            |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income        |   |                          |
| to Net Cash Provided by                          |   |                          |
| Operating Activities:                            |   |                          |
| Depreciation                                     |   | 370,243                  |
| Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:     |   |                          |
| (Increase) Decrease in Current Assets:           |   |                          |
| Accounts receivable                              |   | 1,627                    |
| Deferred outflows - pensions                     |   | (7,856)                  |
| Deferred outflows - OPEB                         |   | 100                      |
| Due from other funds                             |   | (633,635)                |
| Due from component unit                          |   | 11                       |
| Net pension liability/(asset)                    |   | (11,274)                 |
| Total OPEB liability                             |   | 819                      |
| Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities:      |   |                          |
| Accounts payable                                 |   | 123,697                  |
| Due to other funds                               |   | 381,725                  |
| Compensated absences                             |   | (988)                    |
| Customer deposits                                |   | 17,355                   |
| Deferred inflows - pensions                      |   | 6,507                    |
| Deferred inflows - OPEB                          |   | 323                      |
|  | Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities | \$<br>650,655            |

See Notes to Financial Statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Montgomery, Texas (the "City") was incorporated under the laws of the State of Texas, (the "State") in 1935.

The City operates under a "General Law" City, which provides for a "Mayor-Council" form of government. The City Council is the principal legislative body of the City. The City Administrator is appointed by a majority vote of the City Council and is responsible to the City Council for the administration of all affairs of the City. The City Administrator is responsible for the appointment and removal of department directors and employees, supervision and control of all City departments, and preparation of the annual budget. The City provides the following services: general administration; municipal court; public safety; public works; and water, sewer, and sanitation services.

The City is an independent political subdivision of the State governed by an elected council and a mayor and is considered a primary government. Its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these basic financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions as part of the City's financial reporting entity. The component units, as listed below, although legally separate, are considered part of the reporting entity. No other entities have been included in the City's reporting entity. Additionally, as the City is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the City's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the City is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the City's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body, it is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally, prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and considerations pertaining to organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

#### **Montgomery Economic Development Corporation**

On December 14, 1995, the City incorporated the Montgomery Industrial Development Corporation. In July 2013, the name was changed to Montgomery Economic Development Corporation (MEDC). The purpose of this nonprofit corporation is to promote economic development within the City and the State in order to eliminate unemployment and underemployment; to promote and encourage employment and the public welfare of, for, and on behalf of the City; and for improving the assessed valuations through the promotion of (a) existing business enterprise expansion and retention and (b) new business enterprise development and attraction by developing, implementing, providing, and financing projects. A one-half of one percent City sales tax is designated for this purpose. Separate

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

financial statements of the MEDC are not prepared. The MEDC is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City. The City appoints a majority of this MEDC's board members and is either able to impose its will on it or a financial benefit/burden exists.

#### **Blended Component Unit**

### Public Improvement District (PID) No. 1

Following a public hearing on September 30, 2014, the City Council created the City of Montgomery Public Improvement District (PID) No. 1 in accordance with Chapter 372 of the Local Government Code. The PID was created to provide a method of financing certain public improvements for the benefit of property in the PID, the costs of which would be paid by owners of real property located in the PID, subject to limitations contained in the service and assessment plan. Public improvements included creation costs of the PID, as well as roadway, water distribution system, storm sewer collection system, and wastewater collection system improvements. These public improvements were funded from developer revenues before construction began. The developer will be repaid in annual installments over a fifteen-year period through assessments to the property owners in the PID, the timing of which begins after the City has issued a certificate of occupancy for completed permanent structures; however, such date shall not occur before the trigger date of September 1, 2017. The City retains the right to create a board to manage the PID, but currently retains all management capacity at year end.

#### **B.** Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

#### C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the City's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the City's water, sewer, and sanitation functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

### D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following governmental funds:

The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in other funds. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Expenditures include general government, municipal court, public safety, and public works. The general fund is always considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The debt service fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest on all long-term debt of the City. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. The debt service fund is not considered a major fund for reporting purposes but the City has elected to present it as major due to its significance.

The capital projects fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlay, including the acquisition of capital facilities and other capital assets. The capital projects fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service and capital projects. The special revenue funds include the grants fund, the hotel occupancy fund, the court security fund, the court technology fund, and the police asset forfeiture fund. The special revenue funds are considered nonmajor funds for reporting purposes.

The City reports the following enterprise fund:

The water, sewer, and sanitation fund is used to account for the operations that provide water, sewer, and sanitation services. The services are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis will be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The water, sewer, and sanitation fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

During the course of operations, the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise fund) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

### F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

### 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund types consider temporary investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### 2. Investments

Investments, except for certain investment pools, commercial paper, money market funds, and investment contracts, are reported at fair value. The investment pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost. Money market funds, which are short-term highly liquid debt instruments that may include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and commercial paper that have a remaining maturity of one year or less upon acquisition, are reported at amortized cost. Investments in nonparticipating interest earning contracts, such as certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The City has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. In summary, the City is authorized to invest in the following:

Direct obligations of the U.S. Government or U.S. Government agencies Fully collateralized certificates of deposit Money market mutual funds that meet certain criteria Bankers' acceptances Statewide investment pools

#### 3. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of bonds, as well as other resources set aside for specific purposes, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or contractual agreements.

#### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, infrastructure has been capitalized retroactively. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest costs incurred in connection with construction of enterprise fund capital assets are capitalized when the effects of capitalization materially impact the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years:

|                            | Estimated      |
|----------------------------|----------------|
| Asset Description          | Useful Life    |
| Buildings and improvements | 20 years       |
| Furniture and equipment    | 5 to 20 years  |
| Vehicles                   | 5 years        |
| Infrastructure             | 20 to 40 years |

### 5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension/other postemployment benefits (OPEB) activities are amortized over the average of the expected service lives of pension plan members, except for the net differences between the projected and actual investment earnings on the pension plan assets, which are amortized over a period of five years.
- For employer pension/OPEB plan contributions that were made subsequent to the measurement date through the end of the City's fiscal year, the amount is deferred and recognized as an increase to the net pension asset during the measurement period in which the contributions were made.
- A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

At the fund level, the City has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

### 6. Compensated Employee Absences

The City maintains formal programs for vacation, compensatory time, and sick leave. The City's full-time, permanent employees are granted vacation pay benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the City. The City's personnel policy permits its full-time, permanent employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation pay benefits. Upon separation with the City, employees will be paid for their accrued and unused vacation pay benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

A non-exempt employee will be paid for any documented accrued compensatory time upon separation. Police officers may accrue a maximum of 120 hours of compensatory time.

Sick leave accrues to full-time, permanent employees to specified maximums but, upon separation with the City, employees will not be paid for accumulated sick leave.

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements consist of unpaid, accumulated vacation balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Vested or accumulated vacation leave and compensated leave of government-wide and proprietary funds are recognized as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

It is the City's policy to liquidate compensated absences with future revenues rather than with currently available expendable resources. Accordingly, the City's governmental funds recognize accrued compensated absences when they are paid.

### 7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

The property tax rate is allocated each year between the general and debt service funds. The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by the tax along with the interest earned in the debt service fund. Although a portion of the general obligation debt was directly related to the purchase of water and sewer infrastructure, the debt service expenditures are included in the governmental fund financial statements as they are expected to be paid from debt service tax revenues instead of water system revenues.

### 8. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

#### 9. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### 10. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balances of governmental funds are reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact are classified as nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions are classified as restricted.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

By resolution, the City Council has also authorized the City Administrator as the official authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved by the City's fund balance policy. Assignments of fund balance by the City Administrator do not require formal action by the City Council.

The City strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance of not less than 25 percent of the budgeted operational expenditures in all City funds. The purpose of the unassigned balance is to alleviate significant unanticipated budget shortfalls and to ensure the orderly provisions of services to citizens. Should unassigned fund balance fall below the goal or have a deficiency, the City will seek to reduce expenditures prior to increasing revenues to replenish fund balance within a reasonable timeframe.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

#### 11. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 12. Pensions

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability/(asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### 13. Other Postemployment Benefits

The City participates in a single-employer, unfunded, defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by TMRS known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. Benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees. Benefit payments and refunds are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Information about the City's total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense is provided by TMRS from reports prepared by their consulting actuary.

#### 14. Leases

The City is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment and property. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible, right-to-use lease asset (the "lease asset") in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and the purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the Statement of Net Position.

### G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

#### 1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

### 2. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied during October of each year and are due upon receipt of the City's tax bill. Taxes become delinquent, with an enforceable lien on property, on February 1 of the following year.

#### 3. Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

### II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general, debt service, and certain special revenue funds. The original budget is adopted by the City Council prior to the beginning of the year. The legal level of control as defined by the City Charter is the function level. No funds can be transferred or added to a budgeted item without City Council approval. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2022, the City had the following investments:

|                         |       |           | Weighted Average |
|-------------------------|-------|-----------|------------------|
| Investment Type         |       | Value     | Maturity (Years) |
| TexPool                 | \$    | 5,886,353 | 0.07             |
| Total                   | \$    | 5,886,353 |                  |
| Porfolio weighted avera | age n | naturity  | 0.07             |

*Interest rate risk*. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and invest operating funds primarily in short-term securities.

Credit risk. The City's investment policy limits investments in public fund investment pools rated as to investment quality not less than "AAA" or "AAA-m", or at an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service. Investments in U.S. Securities Exchange Commission registered and regulated money market mutual funds must have an investment quality not less than "AAA-", or at an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service. As of September 30, 2022, the City's investments in TexPool were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy requires funds on deposit at the depository bank to be collateralized by securities. As of September 30, 2022, fair market values of pledged securities and FDIC coverage exceeded bank balances.

Custodial credit risk – investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that it will seek to safekeeping securities at financial institutions, avoiding physical possession. Further, all trades, where applicable, are executed by delivery versus payment to ensure that securities are deposited in the City's safekeeping account prior to the release of funds.

#### **TexPool**

TexPool was established as a trust company with the Treasurer of the State as trustee, segregated from all other trustees, investments, and activities of the trust company. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The advisory board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, Standard & Poor's rates TexPool 'AAAm'. As a requirement to maintain the rating, weekly portfolio information must be submitted to Standard & Poor's, as well as to the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts for review.

TexPool is an external investment pool measured at amortized cost. In order to meet the criteria to be recorded at amortized cost, TexPool must transact at a stable net asset value per share and maintain

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

certain maturity, quality, liquidity, and diversification requirements within TexPool. TexPool transacts at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, has weighted average maturities of 60 days or less, and weighted average lives of 120 days or less. Investments held are highly rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, have no more than five percent of portfolio with one issuer (excluding U.S. government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. TexPool has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. TexPool may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities markets, general banking moratorium, or national state of emergency that affects TexPool's liquidity.

#### **B.** Receivables

The following comprise receivable balances at year end:

|                      |               | Debt         | Wa  | ter, Sewer, |                 |
|----------------------|---------------|--------------|-----|-------------|-----------------|
|                      | General       | <br>Service  | and | Sanitation  | <br>Total       |
| Property taxes       | \$<br>24,023  | \$<br>16,513 | \$  | -           | \$<br>40,536    |
| Sales taxes          | 674,422       | -            |     | -           | 674,422         |
| Mixed beverage taxes | 2,279         | -            |     | -           | 2,279           |
| Accounts receivable  | 54,642        | -            |     | 322,443     | 377,085         |
| Less allowance       | _             | -            |     | (24,291)    | (24,291)        |
|                      | \$<br>755,366 | \$<br>16,513 | \$  | 298,152     | \$<br>1,070,031 |

**MEDC** Sales taxes 224,807

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

### C. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year end is as follows:

|   | Beginning<br>Balance |             | ,  | Increases   | (Decreases)/<br>Reclassifications |    | Ending<br>Balance |
|---|----------------------|-------------|----|-------------|-----------------------------------|----|-------------------|
| Governmental Activities:                    |                      | Darance     |    | ilici eases | Rectassifications                 |    | Datance           |
| Capital assets not being depreciated:       |                      |             |    |             |                                   |    |                   |
| Land  | \$                   | 1,619,522   | \$ | _           | \$ -                              | \$ | 1,619,522         |
| Construction in progress                    | Ψ                    | 124,208     | Ψ  | 284,602     | <del>-</del>                      | Ψ  | 408,810           |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated  |                      | 1,743,730   |    | 284,602     |                                   |    | 2,028,332         |
| Other capital assets:                       |                      |             |    |             |                                   |    |                   |
| •   |                      | 1 027 000   |    | 1 101 279   |                                   |    | 2 120 167         |
| Buildings and improvements Infrastructure   |                      | 1,027,889   |    | 1,101,278   | -                                 |    | 2,129,167         |
|   |                      | 3,878,667   |    | 240.157     | (22.914)                          |    | 3,878,667         |
| Vehicles                                    |                      | 1,034,488   |    | 249,157     | (32,814)                          |    | 1,250,831         |
| Furniture and fixtures                      |                      | 482,643     |    | 74,897      | -                                 |    | 557,540           |
| Right-to-use leased assets                  |                      | 74,774      |    |             |                                   |    | 74,774            |
| Total other capital assets                  |                      | 6,498,461   |    | 1,425,332   | (32,814)                          |    | 7,890,979         |
| Less accumulated depreciation for:          |                      |             |    |             |                                   |    |                   |
| Buildings and improvements                  |                      | (652,949)   |    | (106,335)   | _                                 |    | (759,284)         |
| Infrastructure                              |                      | (858,475)   |    | (131,208)   | -                                 |    | (989,683)         |
| Vehicles                                    |                      | (895,780)   |    | (113,762)   | 32,814                            |    | (976,728)         |
| Furniture and fixtures                      |                      | (356,160)   |    | (27,787)    | -                                 |    | (383,947)         |
| Right-to-use leased assets                  |                      | -           |    | (27,499)    | -                                 |    | (27,499)          |
| Total accumulated depreciation              |                      | (2,763,364) |    | (406,591)   | 32,814                            |    | (3,137,141)       |
| Other capital assets, net                   |                      | 3,735,097   |    | 1,018,741   |                                   |    | 4,753,838         |
| Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net | \$                   | 5,478,827   | \$ | 1,303,343   | \$ -                              |    | 6,782,170         |
|   |                      |             |    | Plus unst   | pent bond proceeds                |    | 370,352           |
|   |                      |             |    | -           | ess associated debt               |    | (1,815,924)       |
|   |                      |             |    |             | nt in Capital Assets              | \$ | 5,336,598         |
|   |                      |             |    |             |                                   | _  |                   |

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

| General government  | \$<br>135,150 |
|---|---------------|
| Public safety   | 122,286       |
| Public works  | 149,155       |
| <b>Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense</b> | \$<br>406,591 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities for the year end:

|  | Beginning     |              | (Decreases)/      | Ending        |
|--|---------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|
|  | Balance       | Increases    | Reclassifications | Balance       |
| Business-Type Activities:                    |               |              |                   |               |
| Capital assets not being depreciated:        |               |              |                   |               |
| Land   | \$ 66,581     | \$ -         | \$ -              | \$ 66,581     |
| Construction in progress                     | 1,186,550     | 1,803,811    | (47,846)          | 2,942,515     |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated   | 1,253,131     | 1,803,811    | (47,846)          | 3,009,096     |
| Other capital assets:                        |               |              |                   |               |
| Infrastructure                               | 14,288,074    | 47,846       | -                 | 14,335,920    |
| Furniture and equipment                      | 179,037       | -            | -                 | 179,037       |
| Vehicles                                     | 181,554       |              |                   | 181,554       |
| Total other capital assets                   | 14,648,665    | 47,846       |                   | 14,696,511    |
| Less accumulated depreciation for:           |               |              | -                 |               |
| Infrastructure                               | (5,362,493)   | (352,094)    | -                 | (5,714,587)   |
| Furniture and equipment                      | (156,084)     | (2,319)      | -                 | (158,403)     |
| Vehicles                                     | (147,942)     | (15,830)     |                   | (163,772)     |
| Total accumulated depreciation               | (5,666,519)   | (370,243)    | -                 | (6,036,762)   |
| Other capital assets, net                    | 8,982,146     | (322,397)    |                   | 8,659,749     |
| Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net | \$ 10,235,277 | \$ 1,481,414 | \$ (47,846)       | \$ 11,668,845 |

Depreciation was charged to business-type functions as follows:

| Water, sewer, and sanitation                        | \$<br>370,243 |
|---|---------------|
| Total Business-Type Activities Depreciation Expense | \$<br>370,243 |

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for MEDC activities for the year end:

|   | Beginning<br>Balance |   | Increases |         | (Decreases)/<br>Reclassifications |   | <br>Ending<br>Balance |
|---|----------------------|---|-----------|---------|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Discrete Component Unit:                    |                      |   |           |         |                                   |   | <br>                  |
| Capital assets not being depreciated:       |                      |   |           |         |                                   |   |                       |
| Land  | \$                   | - | \$        | 598,848 | \$                                | - | \$<br>598,848         |
| Construction in progress                    |                      | - |           | 153,566 |                                   | - | 153,566               |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated  |                      | _ |           | 752,414 |                                   | - | 752,414               |
| Discrete Component Unit Capital Assets, Net | \$                   | - | \$        | 752,414 | \$                                | - | \$<br>752,414         |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

### D. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total long-term liabilities for the year end. In general, the City uses the general and debt service funds to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

|  | I    | Beginning<br>Balance |       | Additions       | R      | eductions    |    | Ending<br>Balance |             | Du | mounts<br>e Within<br>ne Year |
|--|------|----------------------|-------|-----------------|--------|--------------|----|-------------------|-------------|----|-------------------------------|
| Governmental Activities:                     | Φ.   | 4 40 7 000           | Φ.    |                 | Φ.     | (24 7 000)   | Φ. | 4.000.000         |             | Φ. | 220.000                       |
| General obligation refunding bonds           | \$   | 4,495,000            | \$    | 1 (20 000       | \$     | (215,000)    | \$ |                   | (2)         | \$ | 230,000                       |
| Tax notes                                    |      | -                    |       | 1,630,000       |        | -            |    | 1,630,000         | (1)         |    | 250,000                       |
| Direct borrowings/placements:                |      | 260,000              |       |                 |        | (0.5,000)    |    | 275 000           | (2)         |    | 00.000                        |
| General obligation refunding bonds           |      | 360,000              |       | -               |        | (85,000)     |    | ,                 | (2)         |    | 90,000                        |
| Certificates of obligation                   |      | 2,300,000            |       | -               |        | (130,000)    |    |                   | (2)         |    | 130,000                       |
| Leases payable                               |      | 74,774               |       | -               |        | (27,020)     |    | 47,754            | (1)         |    | 26,382                        |
| Deferred amounts:                            |      |                      |       |                 |        |              |    |                   | (1)/        |    |                               |
| For issuance discounts/premiums              |      | 668,722              |       | 157,908         |        | (59,209)     |    |                   | (1)/<br>(2) |    | _                             |
| Total balled die ee white/ premium           |      | 7,898,496            |       | 1,787,908       |        | (516,229)    |    |                   | *           |    | 726,382                       |
| Other liabilities:                           |      |                      |       |                 |        | , , ,        |    |                   |             |    |                               |
| Net pension liability/(asset)                |      | 48,604               |       | _               |        | (48,604)     |    | _                 |             |    | _                             |
| Total OPEB liability                         |      | 76,366               |       | 5,787           |        | -            |    | 82,153            |             |    | _                             |
| Compensated absences                         |      | 111,995              |       | 106,698         |        | (100,558)    |    | 118,135           |             |    | 106,322                       |
| <b>Total Governmental Activities</b>         | \$   | 8,135,461            | \$    | 1,900,393       | \$     | (665,391)    | \$ | 9,370,463         |             | \$ | 832,704                       |
|  |      | Long-ter             | m de  | bt due in mo    | re tha | an one year  | \$ | 8,537,759         |             |    |                               |
|  |      | *D                   | ebt a | s sociated wi   | th caj | pital assets | \$ | 9,170,175         |             |    |                               |
| (1) Debt ass                                 | ocia | ted with gove        | rnme  | ental activiti  | es caj | pital assets | \$ | 1,815,924         |             |    |                               |
| (2) Debt as s                                | ocia | ted with busi        | ness. | -type activitio | es cai | pital assets | \$ | 7,354,251         |             |    |                               |
| ( )  |      |                      |       | eferred char    | -      | •            |    | (41,725)          |             |    |                               |
|  |      |                      |       | Less unsper     | _      | _            |    | (313,215)         |             |    |                               |
| Ne   | t de | bt associated        |       | -               |        | -            | \$ | 6,999,311         |             |    |                               |
|  |      |                      |       | •               |        | •            |    |                   |             |    |                               |
|  | I    | Beginning            |       |                 |        |              |    | Ending            |             |    | mounts<br>e Within            |
|  | -    | Balance              | A     | Additions       | R      | eductions    |    | Balance           |             |    | ne Year                       |
| Business-Type Activities: Other liabilities: |      |                      |       |                 |        |              |    |                   |             |    |                               |
| Net pension liability/(asset)                | \$   | 1,225                | \$    | -               | \$     | (1,225)      | \$ | -                 |             | \$ | -                             |
| Total OPEB liability                         |      | 6,523                |       | 819             |        | -            |    | 7,342             |             |    | -                             |
| Compensated absences                         |      | 15,559               |       | 9,693           |        | (10,681)     |    | 14,571            |             |    | 13,114                        |
| <b>Total Business-Type Activities</b>        | \$   | 23,307               | \$    | 10,512          | \$     | (11,906)     | \$ | 21,913            |             | \$ | 13,114                        |
|  |      | Long-ter             | m de  | bt due in mo    | re tha | an one year  | \$ | 8,799             |             |    |                               |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. The governmental activities compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

#### Tax Notes

On May 12, 2022, the City issued Tax Notes, Series 2022 (the "Notes") for the purchase of real property and construction and improvements to City buildings. The principal on the Notes totaled \$1,630,000 and carry an interest rate of 5%. The Notes will mature on March 1, 2029.

Long-term debt at year end was comprised of the following debt issues:

| Interest                                     | Current   |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Rates  |   | Balance  |  |  |  |
|  |   | _  |  |  |  |
|  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 2.00-5.00%                                   | \$  | 4,280,000  |  |  |  |
|  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 0.85-2.80%                                   |   | 275,000  |  |  |  |
| gation Bonds                                 |   | 4,555,000  |  |  |  |
|  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 0.10 - 1.60%                                 |   | 840,000  |  |  |  |
| 0.01 - 1.90%                                 |   | 1,330,000  |  |  |  |
| of Obligation                                |   | 2,170,000  |  |  |  |
|  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 5.00%  |   | 1,630,000  |  |  |  |
| tal Tax Notes                                |   | 1,630,000  |  |  |  |
| Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rates  2.00-5.00%  0.85-2.80% gation Bonds  0.10 - 1.60% 0.01 - 1.90% of Obligation  5.00% stal Tax Notes | Rates  2.00-5.00% \$ 0.85-2.80% gation Bonds  0.10 - 1.60% 0.01 - 1.90% of Obligation  5.00% tal Tax Notes |  |  |  |

The annual requirements to amortize bond and certificate debt issues outstanding at year end were as follows:

| Fiscal Year | ear <u>General</u> |           |    | ation    | Tax 1 | Notes     |    |          |
|-------------|--------------------|-----------|----|----------|-------|-----------|----|----------|
| Ending      | ]                  | Principal |    | Interest | 1     | Principal |    | Interest |
| 2023        | \$                 | 230,000   | \$ | 145,100  | \$    | 250,000   | \$ | 75,250   |
| 2024        |                    | 245,000   |    | 133,225  |       | 200,000   |    | 64,000   |
| 2025        |                    | 250,000   |    | 120,850  |       | 215,000   |    | 53,625   |
| 2026        |                    | 260,000   |    | 108,100  |       | 225,000   |    | 42,625   |
| 2027        |                    | 275,000   |    | 94,725   |       | 235,000   |    | 31,125   |
| 2028-2032   |                    | 1,480,000 |    | 269,375  |       | 505,000   |    | 25,625   |
| 2033-2037   |                    | 1,370,000 |    | 80,500   |       | -         |    | -        |
| 2038        |                    | 170,000   |    | 1,700    |       | _         |    | -        |
| Total       | \$                 | 4,280,000 | \$ | 953,575  | \$    | 1,630,000 | \$ | 292,250  |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The annual requirements to amortize debt issues outstanding for the direct borrowings/placements at year end are as follows:

| Fiscal Year | cal Year General |          | General Obligation |         |    | Certificates of Obligation |    |          | To              | tal |          |
|-------------|------------------|----------|--------------------|---------|----|----------------------------|----|----------|-----------------|-----|----------|
| Ending      | P                | rincipal | Iı                 | iterest |    | Principal                  |    | Interest | Principal       |     | Interest |
| 2023        | \$               | 90,000   | \$                 | 6,170   | \$ | 130,000                    | \$ | 28,219   | \$<br>220,000   | \$  | 34,389   |
| 2024        |                  | 90,000   |                    | 3,853   |    | 130,000                    |    | 27,478   | 220,000         |     | 31,331   |
| 2025        |                  | 95,000   |                    | 1,330   |    | 140,000                    |    | 26,471   | 235,000         |     | 27,801   |
| 2026        |                  | -        |                    | -       |    | 140,000                    |    | 25,222   | 140,000         |     | 25,222   |
| 2027        |                  | -        |                    | -       |    | 140,000                    |    | 23,805   | 140,000         |     | 23,805   |
| 2028-2032   |                  | -        |                    | -       |    | 715,000                    |    | 92,388   | 715,000         |     | 92,388   |
| 2033-2037   |                  |          |                    | -       |    | 775,000                    |    | 34,218   | 775,000         |     | 34,218   |
| Total       | \$               | 275,000  | \$                 | 11,353  | \$ | 2,170,000                  | \$ | 257,800  | \$<br>2,445,000 | \$  | 269,152  |

The City's long-term debt includes all outstanding bonded debt secured by the full faith and credit of the City. The tax notes and the bonds, which include the certificates of obligation, general obligation, and contractual obligation bonds, are secured by the full faith and credit of the City and are paid through the debt service fund from tax revenues.

### Federal Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed, or are not performed correctly, a substantial liability to the City could result. The City periodically engages an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with the rules and regulations of the IRS.

#### E. Leases Payable

During the current fiscal year, the City entered into various lease agreements as a lessee for the acquisition and use of equipment and property. The original terms of the agreements range from 36 to 63 months with remaining terms ranging from 4 to 22 months. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$74,774 during the current fiscal year. As of September 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability was \$47,754. The City is required to make monthly payments ranging from \$143 to \$2,015. The leases have an estimated borrowing rate of 2.45%. The right-to-use assets are being amortized over the remaining life of the leases. The value of the right-to-use lease assets as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$74,774 and had accumulated amortization of \$27,499.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of September 30, 2022 are as follows:

| Fiscal Year   |    | Leases Payable |    |         |  |  |  |
|---------------|----|----------------|----|---------|--|--|--|
| <b>Ending</b> | P  | rincipal       | I  | iterest |  |  |  |
| 2023          | \$ | 26,382         | \$ | 869     |  |  |  |
| 2024          |    | 21,372         |    | 236     |  |  |  |
| Total         | \$ | 47,754         | \$ | 1,105   |  |  |  |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

### F. Interfund Transactions

The composition of due to/from balances as of year end was as follows:

| Due To                | Due From              | Amounts |           |  |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------|-----------|--|
| General               | Capital projects      | \$      | 98,933    |  |
| General               | Debt service          |         | 1,722     |  |
| General               | Nonmajor governmental |         | 13,371    |  |
| General               | Utility               |         | 303,526   |  |
| Capital projects      | General               |         | 168,827   |  |
| Capital projects      | Utility               |         | 83,697    |  |
| Nonmajor governmental | General               |         | 171       |  |
| Utility               | General               |         | 249,938   |  |
| Utility               | Capital projects      |         | 383,697   |  |
|                       |                       | \$      | 1,303,882 |  |

Amounts recorded as due to/from are considered to be temporary loans and will generally be repaid in more than one year.

Transfers between funds during the year were as follows:

| Transfer In      | Transfer Out          | Amounts |           |
|------------------|-----------------------|---------|-----------|
| Capital projects | Utility               | \$      | 133,697   |
| Debt service     | Utility               |         | 67,815    |
| General          | Nonmajor governmental |         | 2,700     |
| Utility          | Capital projects      |         | 1,803,811 |
| General          | Capital projects      |         | 168,494   |
|                  |                       | \$      | 2,176,517 |

Amounts transferred between funds related to amounts collected by the capital projects; water, sewer, and sanitation; and other nonmajor governmental funds for various governmental and business-type expenditures.

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City participates along with 2,617 other entities in the Texas Municipal League's Intergovernmental Risk Pool (the "Pool"). The Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The City has no additional risk or responsibility to the Pool, outside of the payment of insurance premiums. The City has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

#### **B.** Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts of expenditures

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. No claim liabilities are reported at year end.

#### C. Pension Plan

### **Texas Municipal Retirement System**

### Plan Description

The City participates as one of 901 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by TMRS. TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State and administered in accordance with the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle G (the "TMRS Act") as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees of Texas participating cities. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of TMRS with a six-member, Governor-appointed Board of Trustees (the "Board"); however, TMRS does not receive any funding from the State. TMRS issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.tmrs.com">www.tmrs.com</a>.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

### Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits, with interest, were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a partial lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75 percent of the member's deposits and interest.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

|                                   | 2022                     | 2021                     |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Employee deposit rate             | 7.00%                    | 7.00%                    |
| Matching ratio (City to employee) | 2 to 1                   | 2 to 1                   |
| Years required for vesting        | 5                        | 5                        |
| Service requirement eligibility   |                          |                          |
| (expressed as age/yrs of service) | 60/5, 0/20               | 60/5, 0/20               |
| Updated service credit            | 50% Repeating, Transfers | 50% Repeating, Transfers |
| Annuity increase (to retirees)    | 50% of CPI               | 50% of CPI               |

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 12 |
|--|----|
| Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet, receiving benefits  | 23 |
| Active employees   | 30 |
| Total  | 65 |

### **Contributions**

Member contribution rates in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of the member's total compensation, and the City-matching ratios are either 1:1 (1 to 1), 1.5:1 (1½ to 1), or 2:1 (2 to 1), both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method. The City's contribution rate is based on the liabilities created from the benefit plan options selected by the City and any changes in benefits or actual experience over time.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 9.42% and 9.44% in calendar years 2021 and 2022, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 were \$209,835 and were equal to the required contributions.

### Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

The City's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) (NPL/(A)) was measured as of December 31, 2021 and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL/(A) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The TPL in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year

Overall payroll growth

2.75% per year, adjusted down for population declines, if any
Investment rate of return

6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases are based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-Distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for active members, healthy retirees, and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees are used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied for males and females, respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for the annuity purchase rates is based on the mortality experience investigation study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation, as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

|                                  |                   | Long-Term Expected Real     |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Asset Class                      | Target Allocation | Rate of Return (Arithmetic) |
| Global equity                    | 35.00%            | 7.55%                       |
| Core fixed income                | 6.00%             | 2.00%                       |
| Non-core fixed income            | 20.00%            | 5.68%                       |
| Other public and private markets | 12.00%            | 7.22%                       |
| Real estate                      | 12.00%            | 6.85%                       |
| Hedge funds                      | 5.00%             | 5.35%                       |
| Private Equity                   | 10.00%            | 10.00%                      |
| Total                            | 100.00%           |                             |

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, TMRS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

### Changes in the NPL/(A)

|   | Increase (Decrease)        |           |                             |           |                                |           |
|---|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------|
|   | Total Pension<br>Liability |           | Plan Fiduciary Net Position |           | Net Pension Liability / (Asset |           |
| Changes for the year:                             |                            | (A)       |                             | (B)       |                                | (A) - (B) |
|   | Φ                          | 212.020   | Ф                           |           | Φ                              | 212.020   |
| Service cost                                      | \$                         | 313,039   | \$                          | _         | \$                             | 313,039   |
| Interest  |                            | 149,551   |                             | -         |                                | 149,551   |
| Changes in current period benefits                |                            | -         |                             | -         |                                | -         |
| Difference between expected and actual experience |                            | 44,278    |                             | -         |                                | 44,278    |
| Changes in assumptions                            |                            | -         |                             | -         |                                | -         |
| Contributions - employer                          |                            | -         |                             | 186,885   |                                | (186,885) |
| Contributions - employee                          |                            | -         |                             | 136,698   |                                | (136,698) |
| Net investment income                             |                            | -         |                             | 264,560   |                                | (264,560) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee   |                            |           |                             |           |                                |           |
| contributions                                     |                            | (69,457)  |                             | (69,457)  |                                | -         |
| Administrative expense                            |                            | -         |                             | (1,233)   |                                | 1,233     |
| Other changes                                     |                            | -         |                             | 8         |                                | (8)       |
| Net Changes                                       |                            | 437,411   |                             | 517,461   |                                | (80,050)  |
| Balance at December 31, 2020                      |                            | 2,093,778 |                             | 2,043,948 |                                | 49,830    |
| Balance at December 31, 2021                      | \$                         | 2,531,189 | \$                          | 2,561,409 | \$                             | (30,220)  |

<sup>\*</sup>For TMRS, the "changes in current period benefits' includes substantively automatic benefit status changes, if applicable.

### Sensitivity of the NPL/(A) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the NPL/(A) of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's NPL/(A) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

|                                      | 1% Dec | crease in |      |            | 1%  | Increase in |
|--------------------------------------|--------|-----------|------|------------|-----|-------------|
|                                      | Discou | ınt Rate  | Disc | count Rate | Dis | count Rate  |
|                                      | (5.7   | 5%)       | (    | 6.75%)     |     | (7.75%)     |
| City's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) | \$     | 439,247   | \$   | (30,220)   | \$  | (401,408)   |

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TMRS fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized net pension expense of \$120,563.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

|   |    | eferred<br>utflows of |    | eferred<br>oflows of |
|---|----|-----------------------|----|----------------------|
|   | R  | esources              | R  | esources             |
| Differences between expected and actual economic experience     | \$ | 33,399                | \$ | 41,237               |
| Changes in actuarial assumptions                                |    | 829                   |    | -                    |
| Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings |    | -                     |    | 131,507              |
| Contributions subsequent to the measurement date                |    | 161,401               |    | -                    |
| Total   | \$ | 195,629               | \$ | 172,744              |

\$161,401 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the NPL/(A) for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Fiscal Year Ended | Pension         |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| September 30      | <br>Expense     |
| 2023              | \$<br>(39,108)  |
| 2024              | (53,889)        |
| 2025              | (20,958)        |
| 2026              | (24,561)        |
| Total             | \$<br>(138,516) |

### **D.** Other Postemployment Benefits

### **TMRS Supplemental Death Benefits**

### Plan Description

The City participates in an OPEB plan administered by TMRS. TMRS administers the defined benefit group-term life insurance plan known as the SDBF. This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. Employers may terminate coverage under, and discontinue participation in, the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The member city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate (based on the covered payroll of employee members) as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employee's entire career. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (GASB 75). As such, the SDBF is considered to be a single-employer unfunded OPEB defined benefit plan with benefit payments treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The contributions to the SDBF are pooled for investment purposes with those of the Pension Trust Fund (PTF). The TMRS Act requires the PTF to allocate a 5% interest credit from investment income to the SDBF on an annual basis each December 31 based on the mean balance in the SBDF during the year.

#### Benefits

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an OPEB and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e., no assets are accumulated). Participation in the SDBF as of December 31, 2021 is summarized below:

| Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 9  |
|--|----|
| Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits  | 7  |
| Active employees   | 30 |
| Total  | 46 |

### **Total OPEB Liability**

The City's total OPEB liability of \$89,495 was measured as of December 31, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

### **Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs**

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation

Discount rate\* 1.84%\*
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs \$0

Administrative expenses All administrative expenses are paid through the PTF and accounted for under

reporting requirements of GASB 68.

Mortality rates - service retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a

fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Mortality rates - disabled retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4-year set-forward for

males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future

mortality improvements subject on the floor.

<sup>\*</sup> The discount rate is based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. Due to the higher mortality rates associated with the global pandemic, the TMRS Board adopted changes to the assumptions and methodology used for calculating 2023 rates as determined in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation.

### Change in the Total OPEB Liability

|  | <br>Total OPEB Liability |  |  |
|--|--------------------------|--|--|
| Changes for the year:                                      | _                        |  |  |
| Service cost   | \$<br>6,444              |  |  |
| Interest   | 1,709                    |  |  |
| Changes in benefit terms including TMRS plan participation | -                        |  |  |
| Differences between expected and actual experience         | (3,157)                  |  |  |
| Changes of assumptions                                     | 2,976                    |  |  |
| Benefit payments   | (1,367)                  |  |  |
| Net Changes  | 6,605                    |  |  |
| Beginning balance  | <br>82,890               |  |  |
| Ending Balance   | \$<br>89,495             |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75.

The discount rate decreased from 2.00% as of December 31, 2020 to 1.84% as of December 31, 2021. There were no other changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

|                             | 1%           | Decrease |    |            | 1%      | Increase in |  |
|-----------------------------|--------------|----------|----|------------|---------|-------------|--|
|                             | in Discount  |          |    | count Rate | Dis     | count Rate  |  |
|                             | Rate (0.84%) |          | (  | 1.84%)     | (2.84%) |             |  |
| City's Total OPEB Liability | \$           | 111,444  | \$ | 89,495     | \$      | 73,166      |  |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$10,245. The City reported deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

|   | eferred<br>utflows of | Deferred<br>Inflows of |         |  |  |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------|---------|--|--|
|   | esources              |                        | sources |  |  |
| Differences between expected and actual economic experience | \$<br>-               | \$                     | 2,603   |  |  |
| Changes in actuarial assumptions                            | 10,307                |                        | -       |  |  |
| Contributions subsequent to the measurement date            | <br>994               |                        |         |  |  |
| Total   | \$<br>11,301          | \$                     | 2,603   |  |  |

\$994 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Fiscal Year Ended | ОРЕВ        |
|-------------------|-------------|
| September 30      | <br>Expense |
| 2023              | \$<br>2,092 |
| 2024              | 2,092       |
| 2025              | 2,092       |
| 2026              | 1,453       |
| 2027              | <br>(25)    |
| Total             | \$<br>7,704 |

#### E. Restatement

During the fiscal year, the City restated fund balance and net position to correct prior year reserves liabilities within the general fund and the MEDC. In addition, the City restated governmental activities beginning long-term liabilities and assets for the implementation of GASB 87, *Leases*. This restatement had no effect on beginning net position.

|  | <br>General     | Governmental Activities |          | Component Unit MEDC |           |
|--|-----------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------|-----------|
| Beginning fund balance/net position, as reported | \$<br>1,578,788 | \$                      | 565,496  | \$                  | 1,959,184 |
| Restatement for prior year reserves liability    | 44,333          |                         | 44,333   |                     | 92,460    |
| Restatement - lease liability                    | -               |                         | (74,774) |                     | _         |
| Restatement - right of use assets                | -               |                         | 74,774   |                     | _         |
| Restated beginning fund balance/net position     | \$<br>1,623,121 | \$                      | 609,829  | \$                  | 2,051,644 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

#### F. Chapter 380 Economic Development Agreements

Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code, *Miscellaneous Provisions Relating to Municipal Planning and Development*, provides the authority to the governing body of a municipality to establish and provide for the administration of one or more programs to promote state or local economic development and to stimulate business and commercial activity in the municipality.

During the 2022 fiscal year, the City has accrued \$254,410 in sales tax rebates and an additional \$159,488 in ad valorem tax rebates. The MEDC has accrued \$231,281 in sales tax rebates. These amounts are being held in a liability account until disbursement.

### Sales Taxes

The City has entered into sales tax abatement agreements (the "Agreements") with several developers as authorized by Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code. Under each Agreement, the developers must meet certain commercial/retail development and/or employment requirements in order to have a portion of their sales taxes abated. The minimum limitation value varies by Agreement. Each Agreement provides for recapture in the event of material breach. The following summarizes the current Agreements:

- The developer for "Milestone" will construct a new grocery retail store with approximately 124,000 square feet (the "Development") for the purpose of creating and/or retaining at least 144 full-time equivalent employees. The City has granted the developer a tax limitation of about \$5.6 million for a period of 15 years. In order to be eligible to receive the limitation, the developer must create 52 permanent new jobs and have invested at least \$7.5 million during the construction of the Development. The City will make annual payments to the developer from sales tax revenues at an amount equal to 55 percent of annual sales tax collected at the Development paid by the City, and the MEDC will make annual payments at an amount equal to 100 percent of annual sales tax collected at the Development. Annual installments will begin the first anniversary after the grocery store opens to the public. An assignment of economic development was entered into with Kroger Texas L.P. (the "Company") on December 11, 2018. On February 14, 2019, the Company was reimbursed sales tax for the 2018 year in the amount of \$104,218 by the City and \$50,917 by MEDC. On December 19, 2019, the Company was reimbursed sales tax for the 2019 in the amount of \$36,071 by the City and \$77,405 by MEDC. For the fiscal year 2021, the City and MEDC trued up the 2018 and 2019 sales tax reimbursements and reimbursed the 2020 sales taxes in the amounts of \$189,613 and \$132,391, respectively, to the Company. On September 30, 2022, the City and MEDC accrued reimbursements for sales tax in the amounts of \$254,410 and \$231,281, respectively.
- Montgomery SH 105 Associates, LLC (the "Developer"), acquired 26.43 acres for the purpose of developing a commercial/retail development (the "Project"). The City and the MEDC have agreed to grant the Developer sales tax rebates up to a maximum of \$1,125,000 from annual sales collected at the Project. The term of the agreement is 10 years. The Developer will receive from the City one quarter of one cent for every one and a half cents in sales and use tax revenues collected by the City from the Project. The Developer will receive from the MEDC one quarter of one cent for every half cent in sales and use tax revenues collected by the MEDC for the Project. During the fiscal year, the City made rebate payments of \$43,526 and the MEDC made rebate payments of \$43,526. As of fiscal year end, the Developer has received \$90,871 in total rebates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

### **Property Taxes**

The City has entered into property tax abatement agreements (the "Agreements") with several developers as authorized by Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code. Under each Agreement, the developers must meet certain commercial/retail development and/or employment requirements in order to have a portion of their property taxes abated. The minimum limitation value varies by Agreement. Each Agreement provides for recapture in the event of material breach. The following summarizes the current Agreements:

- The City has entered into a ten-year term Agreement with a developer for "The Estates of Mia Lago, Section 1", who intends and proposed to develop property in the City for residential, commercial, and retail use (the "Project"). As part of the Agreement, the developer has agreed to accelerate construction of the Project and convey it to the City. Subject to annexation of the property and upon final completion of the Project, the City has agreed to provide a grant for reimbursement of the design and construction of public infrastructure to the developer in the sum of \$148,803 paid from ad valorem taxes generated from the property annexed and collected by the City above the base property tax (amount of ad valorem taxes levied and collected based on the total appraised value of the property as of January 1, 2011).
- The City entered into an Agreement with a developer for the "Hills of Town Creek, Section 1" and a school district (the "District"). The developer intends and proposed to develop property that was recently annexed into the City for primarily high-density, multi-family residential use, with a limited amount of commercial and retail uses (the "Project"). As part of the Agreement, the developer has agreed to accelerate the construction of the Project and to convey it to the City and petition the City to annex 13.773 acres of land currently located in the extraterritorial jurisdiction (ETJ) of the City. Other considerations include transfers of property and facilities from the District and the developer to the City and transfer of property from the developer to the District. Subject to the final completion of the Project, dedication of the facilities and easements to the City, other considerations, and annexation of the ETJ, the City has agreed to provide a grant for reimbursement of the design and construction of public infrastructure to the developer limited to 100 percent of the cost to oversize utility lines and 70 percent of the remaining construction costs incurred, as well as up to \$16,000 for escrowed funds for the City's engineering expenses. The amount of reimbursement to the developer is limited to \$400,000 and will be paid from ad valorem taxes generated from the property annexed and collected by the City above the base property tax (amount of ad valorem taxes levied and collected based on the total appraised value of the property as of January 1, 2012). For the fiscal years 2019, 2020, and 2021, the City abated property taxes totaling \$9,901, \$23,368, and \$36,892, respectively, under this Agreement. On September 30, 2022, the City abated property taxes totaling \$65,398 for the 2022 property tax.
- A developer for "Milestone" will construct a new retail grocery store with approximately 124,000 square feet (the "Development") for the purpose of creating and/or retaining at least 144 full-time equivalent employees. The City has granted the developer a tax limitation of about \$5.6 million for a period of 15 years. In order to be eligible to receive the limitation, the developer must create 52 permanent new jobs and have invested at least \$7.5 million during the construction of the Development. The City will make annual payments to the developer from property tax collected by March 1 of each year that the property tax rebate is in effect. Annual installments will begin the first tax year after the grocery store opens to the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

public. An assignment of economic development was entered into with Kroger Texas L.P. on December 11, 2018. For the fiscal years 2019, 2020, and 2021, the City abated property taxes totaling \$78,789, \$78,207, and \$77,565, respectively, under this Agreement. On September 30, 2022, the City abated 2021 property taxes totaling \$81,923 for the 2021 property tax.

• The City has entered into a twelve-year term Agreement with a developer for "The Estates of Mia Lago, Section 2", who intends and proposed to develop property in the City for residential use (the "Project"). As part of the Agreement, the developer has agreed to accelerate construction of the Project and convey it to the City. Subject to annexation of the property and upon final completion of the Project, the City has agreed to provide a grant for reimbursement of the design and construction of public infrastructure to the developer in the sum of not more than \$100,000 paid from ad valorem taxes generated from the property annexed and collected by the City above the base property tax (amount of ad valorem taxes levied and collected based on the total appraised value of the property as of January 1, 2017).

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

|   |    | Original Budget | <u></u> | Final<br>Budget |    | Actual<br>Amounts | Fi | riance with<br>nal Budget<br>Positive<br>Negative) |
|---|----|-----------------|---------|-----------------|----|-------------------|----|--|
| Revenues                                    | Ф  | 000 101         | Ф       | 000 101         | Ф  | 005.454           | Ф  | 6 272  |
| Property taxes                              | \$ | 899,101         | \$      | 899,101         | \$ | 905,474           | \$ | 6,373  |
| Sales taxes                                 |    | 3,300,000       |         | 3,458,365       |    | 3,548,712         |    | 90,347   |
| Franchise fees                              |    | 95,000          |         | 95,000          |    | 96,161            |    | 1,161  |
| Other taxes                                 |    | 70,000          |         | 70,000          |    | 26,868            |    | (43,132)   |
| Licenses and permits                        |    | 251,500         |         | 257,500         |    | 440,093           |    | 182,593  |
| Fines and forfeitures                       |    | 318,595         |         | 318,450         |    | 335,421           |    | 16,971   |
| Other revenue                               |    | 97,200          |         | 91,345          |    | 117,509           |    | 26,164   |
| Intergovernmental                           |    | 211,869         |         | 211,869         |    | 36,236            |    | (175,633)  |
| Investment revenue                          |    | 1,950           |         | 1,950           |    | 8,225             |    | 6,275  |
| Total Revenues                              |    | 5,245,215       |         | 5,403,580       |    | 5,514,699         |    | 111,119  |
| Expenditures Current:                       |    |                 |         |                 |    |                   |    |  |
| General government                          |    | 1,615,226       |         | 1,857,542       |    | 1,638,428         |    | 219,114  |
| Municipal court                             |    | 498,016         |         | 631,847         |    | 500,609           |    | 131,238  |
| Public safety                               |    | 1,823,262       |         | 1,789,496       |    | 1,789,275         |    | 221  |
| Public works                                |    | 972,061         |         | 986,095         |    | 899,269           |    | 86,826   |
| Capital outlay                              |    | 147,000         |         | 457,000         |    | 447,885           |    | 9,115  |
| Debt service:                               |    |                 |         |                 |    |                   |    |  |
| Principal                                   |    | _               |         | 27,020          |    | 27,020            |    | _  |
| Interest                                    |    | -               |         | 1,374           |    | 1,374             |    | -  |
| Total Expenditures                          |    | 5,055,565       |         | 5,750,374       |    | 5,303,860         |    | 446,514  |
| <b>Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues</b>      |    |                 |         |                 |    |                   |    |  |
| Over (Under) Expenditures                   |    | 189,650         |         | (346,794)       |    | 210,839           |    | 557,633  |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses)              |    |                 |         |                 |    |                   |    |  |
| Transfers in                                |    | 2,500           |         | 2,500           |    | 171,194           |    | 168,694  |
| Transfers (out)                             |    | (191,444)       |         |                 |    |                   |    |  |
| <b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b> |    | (188,944)       |         | 2,500           |    | 171,194           |    | 168,694  |
| Net Change in Fund Balance                  | \$ | 706             | \$      | (344,294)       |    | 382,033           | \$ | 726,327  |
| Beginning fund balance                      |    |                 |         |                 |    | 1,623,121         |    |  |
| <b>Ending Fund Balance</b>                  |    |                 |         |                 | \$ | 2,005,154         |    |  |

### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information:**

<sup>1.</sup> Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TMRS)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

|  | Measurement Year* |           |    |           |    |           |    |           |
|--|-------------------|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|
|  |                   | 2014      |    | 2015      |    | 2016      |    | 2017      |
| <b>Total Pension Liability</b>   |                   |           |    |           |    |           |    |           |
| Service cost   | \$                | 81,979    | \$ | 110,914   | \$ | 144,267   | \$ | 157,252   |
| Interest (on the total pension liability)  |                   | 55,068    |    | 57,948    |    | 66,121    |    | 77,769    |
| Changes of benefit terms   |                   | -         |    | _         |    | _         |    | -         |
| Difference between expected and actual   |                   |           |    |           |    |           |    |           |
| experience   |                   | (54,092)  |    | (12,311)  |    | (1,206)   |    | (14,363)  |
| Changes in assumptions   |                   | -         |    | 34,004    |    | _         |    | -         |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of   |                   |           |    |           |    |           |    |           |
| employee contributions   |                   | (33,403)  |    | (79,160)  |    | (31,829)  |    | (54,384)  |
| Net Change in Total Pension Liability  |                   | 49,552    |    | 111,395   |    | 177,353   |    | 166,274   |
| •  |                   | ·         |    |           |    |           |    |           |
| Beginning total pension liability  |                   | 762,399   |    | 811,951   |    | 923,346   |    | 1,100,699 |
| <b>Ending Total Pension Liability</b>  | \$                | 811,951   | \$ | 923,346   | \$ | 1,100,699 | \$ | 1,266,973 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position  |                   |           |    |           |    |           |    |           |
| Contributions - employer   | \$                | 26,597    | \$ | 37,600    | \$ | 43,778    | \$ | 68,154    |
| Contributions - employee   |                   | 61,367    |    | 63,744    |    | 74,200    |    | 80,998    |
| Net investment income  |                   | 50,475    |    | 1,456     |    | 68,262    |    | 161,340   |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of   |                   | ,         |    | ,         |    | ,         |    | ,         |
| employee contributions   |                   | (33,403)  |    | (79,160)  |    | (31,829)  |    | (54,384)  |
| Administrative expense   |                   | (527)     |    | (887)     |    | (770)     |    | (835)     |
| Other  |                   | (43)      |    | (44)      |    | (41)      |    | (42)      |
| Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position  |                   | 104,466   |    | 22,709    |    | 153,600   |    | 255,231   |
| Beginning plan fiduciary net position  |                   | 881,999   |    | 986,465   |    | 1,009,174 |    | 1,162,774 |
| <b>Ending Plan Fiduciary Net Position</b>  | \$                | 986,465   | \$ | 1,009,174 | \$ | 1,162,774 | \$ | 1,418,005 |
| Net Pension Liability / (Asset)  | \$                | (174,514) | \$ | (85,828)  | \$ | (62,075)  | \$ | (151,032) |
| Net Pension Liability (Asset)  | ψ                 | (1/4,314) | Ψ  | (63,626)  | Ψ  | (02,073)  | Ψ  | (131,032) |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability / (Asset) |                   | 121.49%   |    | 109.30%   |    | 105.64%   |    | 111.92%   |
| Covered Payroll  | \$                | 876,672   | \$ | 910,624   | \$ | 1,060,007 | \$ | 1,157,117 |
| Net Pension Liability / (Asset) as a<br>Percentage of Covered Payroll            |                   | -19.91%   |    | -9.43%    |    | -5.86%    |    | -13.05%   |

<sup>\*</sup>Only eight years of information is currently available. The City will build this schedule over the next two-year period.

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|-----|----|------|-----|-----|----|---|----|----|
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|    | Measurement Year* |    |           |    |           |    |           |  |  |  |
|----|-------------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|--|--|--|
|    | 2018              |    | 2019      |    | 2020      |    | 2021      |  |  |  |
| \$ | 176,697           | \$ | 205,160   | \$ | 283,792   | \$ | 313,039   |  |  |  |
| Ψ  | 87,871            | Ψ  | 94,711    | Ψ  | 129,656   | Ψ  | 149,551   |  |  |  |
|    | -                 |    |           |    | 289,106   |    | -         |  |  |  |
|    |                   |    |           |    | 200,100   |    |           |  |  |  |
|    | (85,189)          |    | (28,118)  |    | (51,273)  |    | 44,278    |  |  |  |
|    | -                 |    | 3,592     |    | -         |    | -         |  |  |  |
|    | (107,065)         |    | (77,480)  |    | (94,655)  |    | (69,457)  |  |  |  |
|    | 72,314            |    | 197,865   |    | 556,626   |    | 437,411   |  |  |  |
|    | 1,266,973         |    | 1,339,287 |    | 1,537,152 |    | 2,093,778 |  |  |  |
| \$ | 1,339,287         | \$ | 1,537,152 | \$ | 2,093,778 | \$ | 2,531,189 |  |  |  |
|    |                   |    |           |    |           |    |           |  |  |  |
| \$ | 79,080            | \$ | 91,000    | \$ | 107,207   | \$ | 186,885   |  |  |  |
|    | 90,747            |    | 103,916   |    | 124,081   |    | 136,698   |  |  |  |
|    | (42,554)          |    | 221,310   |    | 133,417   |    | 264,560   |  |  |  |
|    | (107,065)         |    | (77,480)  |    | (94,655)  |    | (69,457)  |  |  |  |
|    | (821)             |    | (1,256)   |    | (872)     |    | (1,233)   |  |  |  |
|    | (43)              |    | (38)      |    | (32)      |    | 8         |  |  |  |
|    | 19,345            |    | 337,452   |    | 269,146   |    | 517,461   |  |  |  |
|    | 1,418,005         |    | 1,437,350 |    | 1,774,802 |    | 2,043,948 |  |  |  |
| \$ | 1,437,350         | \$ | 1,774,802 | \$ | 2,043,948 | \$ | 2,561,409 |  |  |  |
| \$ | (98,063)          | \$ | (237,650) | \$ | 49,830    | \$ | (30,220)  |  |  |  |
|    | 107.32%           |    | 115.46%   |    | 97.62%    |    | 101.19%   |  |  |  |
|    | 107.5270          |    | 115.40/0  |    | 77.0270   |    | 101.17/0  |  |  |  |
| \$ | 1,296,384         | \$ | 1,484,512 | \$ | 1,772,592 | \$ | 1,952,830 |  |  |  |
|    | -7.56%            |    | -16.01%   |    | 2.81%     |    | -1.55%    |  |  |  |

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

#### TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TMRS)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Fiscal Year\* 2015 2016 2017 2018 \$ \$ \$ \$ 26,103 44,811 61,309 76,271 Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution 26,103 44,811 61,309 76,271 Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ \$ Covered payroll \$ 918,710 \$ 1.085,450 \$ 1.116.575 \$ 1,260,456 Contributions as a percentage of covered 2.84% 4.13% 5.49% 6.05% payroll

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information:**

#### 1. Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

2. Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20 Years (longest amortization ladder)

Asset valuation method 10 year smoothed market; 12.00% soft corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.75%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last

updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period

December 31, 2014 - December 31, 2018.

Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are

projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected

on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

#### 3. Other Information:

There were no benefit changes during the year.

<sup>\*</sup>Only eight years of information is currently available. The City will build this schedule over the next two-year period.

Fiscal Year\*

| 2019            |    | 2020      |    | 2021      | 2022 |           |  |  |  |
|-----------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|------|-----------|--|--|--|
| \$<br>86,378    | \$ | 99,240    | \$ | 166,271   | \$   | 209,835   |  |  |  |
| <br>86,378      |    | 99,240    |    | 166,271   |      | 209,835   |  |  |  |
| \$<br>-         | \$ | -         | \$ |           | \$   | -         |  |  |  |
| \$<br>1,439,928 | \$ | 1,635,373 | \$ | 1,921,658 | \$   | 2,189,165 |  |  |  |
| 6.00%           |    | 6.07%     |    | 8.65%     |      | 9.59%     |  |  |  |

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

|   | Measurement Year* |           |    |           |  |
|---|-------------------|-----------|----|-----------|--|
|   |                   | 2020      |    | 2021      |  |
| Total OPEB Liability  |                   | _         |    | _         |  |
| Service cost  | \$                | 4,786     | \$ | 6,444     |  |
| Interest (on the total OPEB liability)                              |                   | 1,831     |    | 1,709     |  |
| Changes in benefit terms including TMRS plan participation          |                   | 64,174    |    | -         |  |
| Differences between expected and actual experience                  |                   | -         |    | (3,157)   |  |
| Changes of assumptions  |                   | 12,099    |    | 2,976     |  |
| Benefit payments  |                   | -         |    | (1,367)   |  |
| Net Change in Total OPEB Liability                                  |                   | 82,890    |    | 6,605     |  |
| Beginning total OPEB liability                                      |                   |           |    | 82,890    |  |
| Ending Total OPEB Liability   | \$                | 82,890    | \$ | 89,495    |  |
| Covered-Employee Payroll  | \$                | 1,772,592 | \$ | 1,952,830 |  |
| Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of<br>Covered-Employee Payroll |                   | 4.68%     |    | 4.58%     |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Only two years of information is currently available. The City will build this schedule over the next eight-year period.

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information:**

#### 1. Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

#### 2. Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

| Actuarial cost method         | Entry age normal   |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Inflation                     | 2.50%  |  |  |  |  |
| Salary increases              | 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation  |  |  |  |  |
| Discount rate                 | 2.75%  |  |  |  |  |
| Administrative expenses       | All administrative expenses are paid through the PTF and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB 68.   |  |  |  |  |
| Mortality - service retirees  | 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.   |  |  |  |  |
| Mortality - disabled retirees | 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% mimimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who became disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor. |  |  |  |  |

#### 3. Other Information:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75 to pay benefits.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75, benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

## COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

|                                      | Orginal<br>Budget |           | Final<br>Budget | <br>Actual<br>Amounts |    | ance with al Budget ositive egative) |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------------|----|--------------------------------------|
| Revenues                             |                   |           |                 |                       |    |                                      |
| Property taxes                       | \$                | 490,090   | \$<br>490,090   | \$<br>495,089         | \$ | 4,999                                |
| Investment revenue                   |                   |           | <br>            | <br>245               |    | 245                                  |
| Total Revenues                       |                   | 490,090   | 490,090         | 495,334               |    | 5,244                                |
| Expenditures                         |                   |           |                 |                       |    |                                      |
| Debt service:                        |                   |           |                 |                       |    |                                      |
| Principal                            |                   | 403,250   | 430,000         | 430,000               |    | -                                    |
| Interest and fiscal agent fees       |                   | 222,500   | 222,500         | 219,177               |    | 3,323                                |
| <b>Total Expenditures</b>            |                   | 625,750   | 652,500         | 649,177               |    | 3,323                                |
| (Deficiency) of Revenues             |                   |           |                 |                       |    |                                      |
| (Under) Expenditures                 |                   | (135,660) | <br>(162,410)   | <br>(153,843)         |    | 1,921                                |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses)       |                   |           |                 |                       |    |                                      |
| Transfers in                         |                   | 135,660   | =_              | <br>67,815            |    | 67,815                               |
| <b>Total Other Financing Sources</b> |                   | 135,660   |                 | 67,815                |    | 67,815                               |
| Net Change in Fund Balance           | \$                |           | \$<br>(162,410) | (86,028)              | \$ | 76,382                               |
| Beginning fund balance               |                   |           |                 | <br>195,630           |    |                                      |
| Ending Fund Balance                  |                   |           |                 | \$<br>109,602         |    |                                      |

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information:**

<sup>1.</sup> Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for particular purposes.

#### **Hotel Occupancy Fund**

This fund is used to account for hotel tax revenue from local hotels.

#### **Court Security Fund**

This fund is used to account for collection and disbursement of money used for court security.

#### **Court Technology Fund**

This fund is used to account for municipal court computer technology.

#### **Police Asset Forfeiture Fund**

This fund is used to account for revenues from seized contraband used for law enforcement purposes.

#### **Grants Fund**

This fund is used to account for revenues from grants.

#### PID No. 1 Fund

This fund is used to account for the collections and disbursements of special assessments within the Montgomery PID No. 1.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2022

|   | Special Revenue Funds |        |     |              |                     |        |    |                         |
|---|-----------------------|--------|-----|--------------|---------------------|--------|----|-------------------------|
|   | Hotel<br>Occupancy    |        | Cou | rt Security  | Court<br>Technology |        | _  | lice Asset<br>orfeiture |
| Assets  | Ф                     | 20.410 | Φ.  | 2 420        | Ф                   | 27.057 | Ф  | 12.055                  |
| Cash and cash equivalents  Due from other funds | \$                    | 20,418 | \$  | 3,438<br>171 | \$                  | 37,857 | \$ | 13,257                  |
| Total Assets                                    | \$                    | 20,418 | \$  | 3,609        | \$                  | 37,857 | \$ | 13,257                  |
| <u>Liabilities</u>                              |                       |        |     |              |                     |        |    |                         |
| Due to other funds                              | \$                    | 1,800  | \$  |              | \$                  | 11,571 | \$ | -                       |
| Total Liabilities                               |                       | 1,800  |     |              |                     | 11,571 |    |                         |
| Fund balances Restricted for:                   |                       |        |     |              |                     |        |    |                         |
| Tourism   |                       | 18,618 |     | -            |                     | -      |    | -                       |
| Public safety                                   |                       | -      |     | 3,609        |                     | 26,286 |    | 13,257                  |
| Assigned to:                                    |                       |        |     |              |                     |        |    |                         |
| Grants  |                       |        |     |              |                     | -      |    |                         |
| <b>Total Fund Balances</b>                      |                       | 18,618 |     | 3,609        |                     | 26,286 |    | 13,257                  |
| <b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>      | \$                    | 20,418 | \$  | 3,609        | \$                  | 37,857 | \$ | 13,257                  |

| Special | Revenue | Funde |
|---------|---------|-------|
| энестат | Revenue | runus |

| Gı | rants | PI | D No. 1 | Gov | al Nonmajor<br>vernmental<br>Funds |  |  |
|----|-------|----|---------|-----|------------------------------------|--|--|
| \$ | 20    | \$ | _       | \$  | 74,990                             |  |  |
| Ψ  | -     | Ψ  | _       | Ψ   | 171                                |  |  |
| \$ | 20    | \$ | -       | \$  | 75,161                             |  |  |
|    |       |    |         |     |                                    |  |  |
| \$ |       | \$ |         | \$  | 13,371                             |  |  |
|    | _     |    | -       |     | 13,371                             |  |  |
|    |       |    |         |     |                                    |  |  |
|    | _     |    | -       |     | 18,618                             |  |  |
|    | -     |    | -       |     | 43,152                             |  |  |
|    | 20    |    | -       |     | 20                                 |  |  |
|    | 20    |    | -       |     | 61,790                             |  |  |
| \$ | 20    | \$ | -       | \$  | 75,161                             |  |  |

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

|  | Special Revenue Funds |        |    |                   |    |                     |    |                      |  |
|--|-----------------------|--------|----|-------------------|----|---------------------|----|----------------------|--|
|  | Hotel<br>Occupancy    |        |    | Court<br>Security |    | Court<br>Technology |    | ce Asset<br>rfeiture |  |
| Revenues   |                       |        |    |                   |    |                     |    |                      |  |
| Other taxes  | \$                    | 3,015  | \$ | -                 | \$ | -                   | \$ | -                    |  |
| Fines and forfeitures  |                       | -      |    | 784               |    | 610                 |    | 1,169                |  |
| Investment revenue   |                       | 11     |    | 1                 |    | 22                  |    | 1                    |  |
| Total Revenues   |                       | 3,026  |    | 785               |    | 632                 |    | 1,170                |  |
| Expenditures Current:  |                       |        |    |                   |    |                     |    |                      |  |
| Public safety  |                       | -      |    | -                 |    | 14,999              |    | -                    |  |
| General government   |                       | 1,800  |    |                   |    |                     |    |                      |  |
| Total Expenditures   |                       | 1,800  |    |                   |    | 14,999              |    |                      |  |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues<br>Over (Under) Expenditures |                       | 1,226  |    | 785               | (  | (14,367)            |    | 1,170                |  |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers (out)               |                       |        |    | (2,500)           |    | _                   |    |                      |  |
| <b>Total Other Financing (Uses)</b>                          |                       | _      |    | (2,500)           |    |                     |    | _                    |  |
| Net Change in Fund Balances                                  |                       | 1,226  |    | (1,715)           | (  | (14,367)            |    | 1,170                |  |
| Beginning fund balances                                      |                       | 17,392 |    | 5,324             |    | 40,653              |    | 12,087               |  |
| <b>Ending Fund Balances</b>                                  | \$                    | 18,618 | \$ | 3,609             | \$ | 26,286              | \$ | 13,257               |  |

| Sp  | ecial Rev |    |          |   |          |  |  |
|-----|-----------|----|----------|---|----------|--|--|
| Gra | Grants    |    | ID No. 1 | Total Nonmajor<br>Governmental<br>Funds |          |  |  |
| \$  | _         | \$ | 38,564   | \$                                      | 41,579   |  |  |
| •   | _         | •  | -        | •                                       | 2,563    |  |  |
|     | _         |    | -        |   | 35       |  |  |
|     | -         |    | 38,564   |   | 44,177   |  |  |
|     |           |    |          |   |          |  |  |
|     | -         |    | -        |   | 14,999   |  |  |
|     | -         |    | 38,364   |   | 40,164   |  |  |
|     |           |    | 38,364   |   | 55,163   |  |  |
|     |           |    | 200      |   | (10,986) |  |  |
|     |           |    | (200)    |   | (2,700)  |  |  |
|     | -         |    | (200)    |   | (2,700)  |  |  |
|     | -         |    | -        |   | (13,686) |  |  |
|     | 20        |    |          |   | 75,476   |  |  |
| Φ   | 20        | Ф  |          | Φ                                       | 61.700   |  |  |

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

|                            | Hotel Occupancy |                               |    |                            |    |                   |    |   |  |  |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|----|----------------------------|----|-------------------|----|---|--|--|
|                            | ]               | Original<br>Budget<br>Amounts |    | Final<br>Budget<br>.mounts |    | Actual<br>Amounts |    | iance with al Budget Positive [egative) |  |  |
| Revenues                   |                 |                               |    |                            |    |                   |    |   |  |  |
| Other taxes                | \$              | 12,500                        | \$ | 12,500                     | \$ | 3,015             | \$ | (9,485)                                 |  |  |
| Investment revenue         |                 | 3                             |    | 3                          |    | 11                |    | 8                                       |  |  |
| <b>Total Revenues</b>      |                 | 12,503                        |    | 12,503                     |    | 3,026             |    | (9,477)                                 |  |  |
| <b>Expenditures</b>        |                 |                               |    |                            |    |                   |    |   |  |  |
| Current:                   |                 |                               |    |                            |    |                   |    |   |  |  |
| General government         |                 | 12,500                        |    | 12,500                     |    | 1,800             |    | 10,700                                  |  |  |
| <b>Total Expenditures</b>  |                 | 12,500                        |    | 12,500                     |    | 1,800             |    | 10,700                                  |  |  |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | \$              | 3                             | \$ | 3                          |    | 1,226             | \$ | 1,223                                   |  |  |
| Beginning fund balance     |                 |                               |    |                            |    | 17,392            |    |   |  |  |
| <b>Ending Fund Balance</b> |                 |                               |    |                            | \$ | 18,618            |    |   |  |  |

|   |                               | Court Security |                            |         |                   |         |   |          |  |  |
|---|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|---|----------|--|--|
|   | Original<br>Budget<br>Amounts |                | Final<br>Budget<br>Amounts |         | Actual<br>Amounts |         | Variance with<br>Final Budget<br>Positive<br>(Negative) |          |  |  |
| Revenues                                |                               |                |                            |         |                   |         |   |          |  |  |
| Fines and forfeitures                   | \$                            | 3,500          | \$                         | 3,500   | \$                | 784     | \$  | (2,716)  |  |  |
| Investment revenue                      |                               |                |                            |         |                   | 1       |   | <u> </u> |  |  |
| <b>Total Revenues</b>                   |                               | 3,500          |                            | 3,500   |                   | 785     |   | (2,715)  |  |  |
| Excess of Revenues<br>Over Expenditures |                               | 3,500          |                            | 3,500   |                   | 785     |   | (2,715)  |  |  |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses)          |                               |                |                            |         |                   |         |   |          |  |  |
| Transfers (out)                         |                               | (2,500)        |                            | (2,500) |                   | (2,500) |   |          |  |  |
| <b>Total Other Financing (Uses)</b>     |                               | (2,500)        |                            | (2,500) |                   | (2,500) |   |          |  |  |
| Net Change in Fund Balance              | \$                            | 1,000          | \$                         | 1,000   |                   | (1,715) | \$  | (2,715)  |  |  |
| Beginning fund balance                  |                               |                |                            |         |                   | 5,324   |   |          |  |  |
| <b>Ending Fund Balance</b>              |                               |                |                            |         | \$                | 3,609   |   |          |  |  |

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

|                                      | Court Technology              |         |                            |          |                   |          |  |         |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|----------------------------|----------|-------------------|----------|--|---------|--|--|
|                                      | Original<br>Budget<br>Amounts |         | Final<br>Budget<br>Amounts |          | Actual<br>Amounts |          | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |         |  |  |
| Revenues                             | ø                             | 5,000   | ¢                          | 5,000    | ¢                 | 610      | ø  | (4.200) |  |  |
| Fines and forfeitures                | \$                            | 5,000   | \$                         | 5,000    | \$                | 610      | \$   | (4,390) |  |  |
| Investment revenue                   |                               |         | -                          |          |                   | 22       |  | 22      |  |  |
| <b>Total Revenues</b>                |                               | 5,000   |                            | 5,000    |                   | 632      |  | (4,368) |  |  |
| <b>Expenditures</b>                  |                               |         |                            | _        |                   |          |  |         |  |  |
| Current:                             |                               |         |                            |          |                   |          |  |         |  |  |
| Public safety                        |                               | 12,710  |                            | 15,000   |                   | 14,999   |  | 11      |  |  |
| <b>Total Expenditures</b>            |                               | 12,710  |                            | 15,000   |                   | 14,999   |  | 1       |  |  |
| (Deficiency) of Revenues             |                               | (7.710) |                            | (10,000) |                   | (14.267) |  | (4.267) |  |  |
| (Under) Expenditures                 |                               | (7,710) |                            | (10,000) |                   | (14,367) |  | (4,367) |  |  |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses)       |                               |         |                            |          |                   |          |  |         |  |  |
| Transfers in                         |                               | 7,710   |                            |          |                   |          |  |         |  |  |
| <b>Total Other Financing Sources</b> |                               | 7,710   |                            |          |                   |          |  |         |  |  |
| Net Change in Fund Balance           | \$                            |         | \$                         | (10,000) |                   | (14,367) | \$   | (4,367) |  |  |
| Beginning fund balance               |                               |         |                            |          |                   | 40,653   |  |         |  |  |
| <b>Ending Fund Balance</b>           |                               |         |                            |          | \$                | 26,286   |  |         |  |  |